Operating Instructions

Pressure transmitter with metallic measuring cell

VEGABAR 83

4 … 20 mA

Document ID: 45033

Contents

45033-EN-171120

Safety instructions for Ex areas

Take note of the Ex specific safety instructions for Ex applications. These instructions are attached as documents to each instrument with Ex approval and are part of the operating instructions manual.

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45033-EN-171120

1 About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance, fault rectification, the exchange of parts and the safety of the user. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained personnel. The contents of this manual must be made available to the qualified personnel and implemented.

1.3 Symbols used

Document ID
This symbol on the front page of this instruction refers to the Document ID. By entering the Document ID on www.vega.com you will reach the document download.

Information, tip, note
This symbol indicates helpful additional information.

Caution: If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can result.

Warning: If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.

Danger: If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.

Ex applications
This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

- **List**
  The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

→ **Action**
This arrow indicates a single action.

1 **Sequence of actions**
Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.

Battery disposal
This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of batteries and accumulators.

2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out only by trained specialist personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

The VEGABAR 83 is a pressure transmitter for process pressure and hydrostatic level measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

During the entire duration of use, the user is obliged to determine the compliance of the necessary occupational safety measures with the current valid rules and regulations and also take note of new regulations.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be used.

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed and their meaning looked up in this operating instructions manual.

2.5 EU conformity

The device fulfils the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm the conformity of the instrument with these directives.

You can find the EU conformity declaration on our website under www.vega.com/downloads.

2.6 Permissible process pressure

For safety reasons, the instrument must only be operated within the permissible process conditions. You can find detailed information on the process conditions in chapter "*Technical data*" as well as on the type label.

The permissible process pressure range is specified on the type label with "Process pressure", see chapter "*Configuration*". This applies even if a measuring cell with a measuring range (order-related) higher than the permissible pressure range of the process fitting is installed.

A temperature derating, e.g. with flanges, can limit the permissible process pressure range.

2.7 NAMUR recommendations

NAMUR is the automation technology user association in the process industry in Germany. The published NAMUR recommendations are accepted as the standard in field instrumentation.

The device fulfils the requirements of the following NAMUR recommendations:

- NE 21 – Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment[1)]
- NE 43 – Signal level for fault information from measuring transducers
- NE 53 – Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components
- NE 107 – Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices

For further information see www.namur.de.

2.8 Installation and operation in the USA and Canada

This information is only valid for USA and Canada. Hence the following text is only available in the English language.

Installations in the US shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70).

Installations in Canada shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code

[1)] Not fulfilled when connecting to an external display and adjustment unit.

A Class 2 power supply unit has to be used for the installation in the USA and Canada.

2.9 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter "*Packaging, transport and storage*"
- Chapter "*Disposal*"

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:

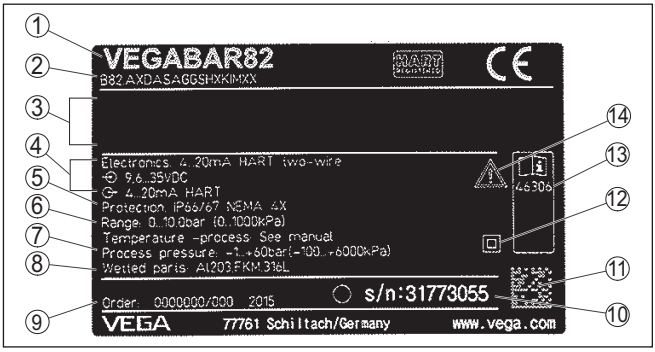


Fig. 1: Layout of the type label (example)

1 *Instrument type*
2 *Product code*
3 *Field for approvals*
4 *Power supply and signal output, electronics*
5 *Protection rating*
6 *Measuring range*
7 *Permissible process pressure*
8 *Material wetted parts*
9 *Order number*
10 *Serial number of the instrument*
11 *QR code*
12 *Symbol of the device protection class*
13 *ID number, instrument documentation*
14 *Reminder to observe the instrument documentation*

Serial number - Instrument search

The type label contains the serial number of the instrument. With it you can find the following instrument data on our homepage:

- Product code (HTML)
- Delivery date (HTML)
- Order-specific instrument features (HTML)
- Operating instructions and quick setup guide at the time of shipment (PDF)
- Order-specific sensor data for an electronics exchange (XML)
- Test certificate (PDF) - optional

Go to "www.vega.com", "*Instrument search (serial number)*". Enter the serial number.

Alternatively, you can access the data via your smartphone:

- Download the VEGA Tools app from the "*Apple App Store*" or the "*Google Play Store*"
- Scan the Data Matrix code on the type label of the instrument or
- Enter the serial number manually in the app

Scope of this operating instructions manual

This operating instructions manual applies to the following instrument versions:

- Hardware from 1.0.0
- Software from 1.3.2

Note:
You can find the hardware and software version of the instrument as follows:

- On the type plate of the electronics module
- In the adjustment menu under "*Info*"

Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- Pressure transmitter
- Documentation
  - Quick setup guide VEGABAR 83
  - Characteristics test certificate
  - Instructions for optional instrument features
  - Ex-specific "*Safety instructions*" (with Ex versions)
  - If necessary, further certificates

Note:
Optional instrument features are also described in this operating instructions manual. The respective scope of delivery results from the order specification.

3.2 Principle of operation

Measured variables

The VEGABAR 83 is suitable for the measurement of the following process variables:

- Process pressure
- Level

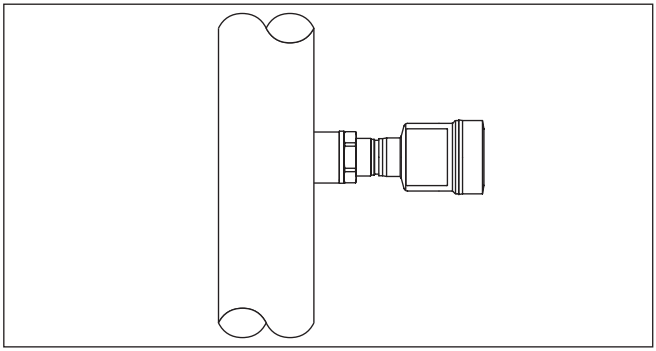


Fig. 2: Process pressure measurement VEGABAR 83

Electronic differential pressure

Depending on the version, the VEGABAR 83 is also suitable for electronic differential pressure measurement. For this, the instrument is combined with a slave sensor.

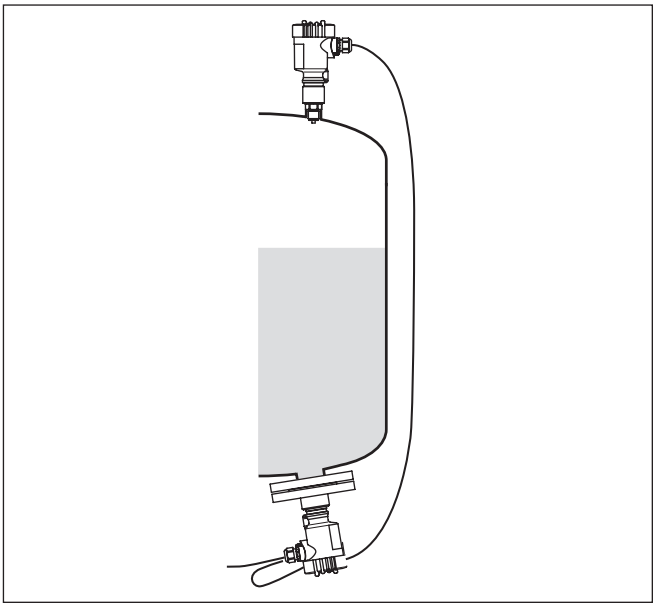


Fig. 3: Electronic differential pressure measurement through Master/Slave combination

You can find detailed information in the operating instructions of the respective slave sensor.

Application area

VEGABAR 83 is suitable for applications in virtually all industries. It is used for the measurement of the following pressure types.

- Gauge pressure
- Absolute pressure
- Vacuum

Measured products

Measured products are gases, vapours and liquids.

VEGABAR 83 is especially suitable for applications with higher temperatures and high pressures.

Measuring system

The process pressure acts on the sensor element via the process diaphragm. The process pressure causes a resistance change which is converted into a corresponding output signal and outputted as measured value.

Piezoresistive sensor element
Measuring ranges up to 40 bar: piezoresistive sensor element with internal transmission liquid is used.

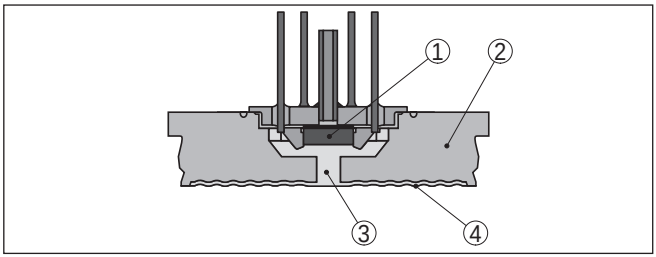


Fig. 4: Configuration of the measuring system with piezoresistive sensor element

1 Sensor element
2 Base element
3 Transmission liquid
4 Process diaphragm

Strain gauge (DMS) sensor element

For measuring ranges above 100 bar, a strain gauge (DMS) sensor element (dry system) is used.

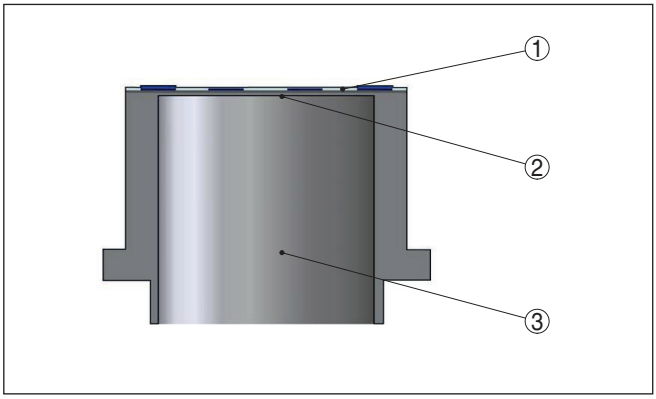


Fig. 5: Configuration of the measuring system with strain gauge (DMS) sensor element

1 Sensor element
2 Process diaphragm
3 Pressure cylinder

Ceramic/metallic measuring cell

With small measuring ranges or higher temperatures, the ceramic/metallic METEC® measuring cell is the measuring unit. It consists of the ceramic-capacitive CERTEC® measuring cell and a special, temperature-compensated chemical seal system.

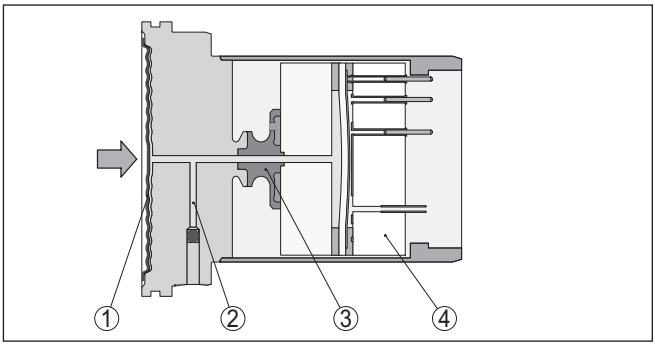


Fig. 6: Configuration of the METEC® measuring cell

1 *Process diaphragm*
2 *Isolating liquid*
3 *FeNi adapter*
4 *CERTEC® measuring cell*

Pressure types

The measuring cell design depends on the selected pressure type.

Relative pressure: the measuring cell is open to the atmosphere. The ambient pressure is detected in the measuring cell and compensated. It thus has no influence on the measured value.

Absolute pressure: the measuring cell is evacuated and encapsulated. The ambient pressure is not compensated and does hence influence the measured value.

Relative pressure, climate-compensated: the measuring cell is evacuated and encapsulated. The ambient pressure is detected through a reference sensor in the electronics and compensated. It thus has no influence on the measured value.

Seal concept

The measuring system is completely welded and hence sealed against the process. The sealing of the process fitting against the process is carried out by a seal provided on site.

3.3 Supplementary cleaning procedures

The VEGABAR 83 is also available in the version "*Oil, grease and silicone-free*". These instruments have passed through a special cleaning procedure to remove oil, grease and paint-wetting impairment substances (PWIS).

The cleaning is carried out on all wetted parts as well as on surfaces accessible from outside. To keep the purity level, the instruments are immediately packed in plastic foil after the cleaning process. The purity level remains as long as the instrument is kept in the closed original packaging.

Caution:
The VEGABAR 83 in this version may not be used in oxygen applications. For this purpose, instruments are available in the special version "*Oil and grease-free for oxygen applications*".

3.4 Packaging, transport and storage

Packaging

Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.

The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment-friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.

Transport

Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.

Transport inspection

The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.

Storage

Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.

Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:

- Not in the open
- Dry and dust free
- Not exposed to corrosive media
- Protected against solar radiation
- Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration

Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see chapter "*Supplement - Technical data - Ambient conditions*"
- Relative humidity 20 … 85 %

Lifting and carrying

With an instrument weight of more than 18 kg (39.68 lbs) suitable and approved equipment must be used for lifting and carrying.

3.5 Accessories and replacement parts

PLICSCOM

The display and adjustment module PLICSCOM is used for measured value indication, adjustment and diagnosis. It can be inserted into the sensor or the external display and adjustment unit and removed at any time.

The integrated Bluetooth module (optional) enables wireless adjustment via standard adjustment devices:[2)]

- Smartphone/tablet (iOS or Android operating system)
- PC/notebook with Bluetooth USB adapter (Windows operating system)

You can find further information in the operating instructions "*Display and adjustment module PLICSCOM*" (Document-ID 36433).

[2)] Bluetooth function with VEGADIS 82 can only be used at a later date.

VEGACONNECT

The interface adapter VEGACONNECT enables the connection of communication-capable instruments to the USB interface of a PC. For parameter adjustment of these instruments, the adjustment software PACTware with VEGA-DTM is required.

You can find further information in the operating instructions "*Interface adapter VEGACONNECT*" (Document-ID 32628).

VEGADIS 82

The VEGADIS 82 is suitable for measured value indication of 4 … 20 mA and 4 … 20 mA/HART sensors. It is looped into the signal cable.

You can find further information in the operating instructions "*VEGADIS 82 4 … 20 mA*" (Document-ID 46591).

Overvoltage protection

The overvoltage arrester B81-35 is used in the single or double chamber housing instead of the connection terminals. It reduces any voltage surges that may reach the signal cables to a harmless level.

You can find further information in the supplementary instructions "*Overvoltage arrester B81-35*" (Document-ID 50708).

Protective cover

The protective cover protects the sensor housing against soiling and intense heat from solar radiation.

You will find additional information in the supplementary instructions manual "*Protective cover*" (Document-ID 34296).

Flanges

Screwed flanges are available in different versions according to the following standards: DIN 2501, EN 1092-1, BS 10, ASME B 16.5, JIS B 2210-1984, GOST 12821-80.

You can find additional information in the supplementary instructions manual "*Flanges according to DIN-EN-ASME-JIS*".

Welded socket

Welded sockets are used to connect the sensors to the process.

You can find further information in the supplementary instructions "*Welded socket VEGABAR series 80*" (Document-ID 48094).

Electronics module

The electronics module VEGABAR series 80 is a replacement part for pressure transmitters of VEGABAR series 80. There is a different version available for each type of signal output.

You can find further information in the operating instructions "*Electronics module VEGABAR series 80*" (Document-ID 45054).

4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

Suitability for the process conditions

Make sure before mounting that all parts of the instrument exposed to the process are suitable for the existing process conditions.

These are mainly:

- Active measuring component
- Process fitting
- Process seal

Process conditions in particular are:

- Process pressure
- Process temperature
- Chemical properties of the medium
- Abrasion and mechanical influences

You can find detailed information on the process conditions in chapter "*Technical data*" as well as on the type label.

Suitability for the ambient conditions

The instrument is suitable for standard and extended ambient conditions acc. to DIN/EN/IEC/ANSI/ISA/UL/CSA 61010-1.

Protection against moisture

Protect your instrument against moisture ingress through the following measures:

- Use a suitable connection cable (see chapter "*Connecting to power supply*")
- Tighten the cable gland
- When mounting horizontally, turn the housing so that the cable gland points downward
- Loop the connection cable downward in front of the cable gland

This applies mainly to outdoor installations, in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) and on cooled or heated vessels.

To maintain the housing protection, make sure that the housing lid is closed during operation and locked, if necessary.

Make sure that the degree of contamination specified in chapter "*Technical data*" meets the existing ambient conditions.

Cable glands

Metric threads

In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.

NPT thread

In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection. The dust protection caps do not provide sufficient protection against moisture.

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

Screwing in

On instruments with threaded process fitting, the hexagon must be tightened with a suitable wrench. For the proper wrench size see chapter "*Dimensions*".

Warning:
The housing must not be used to screw the instrument in! Applying tightening force can damage internal parts of the housing.

Vibrations

If there is strong vibration at the mounting location, the instrument version with external housing should be used. See chapter "*External housing*".

Process pressure range - Mounting accessory

The permissible process pressure range is stated on the type label. The instrument should only be operated with these pressures if the mounting accessory used also fulfils these values. This should be ensured by suitable flanges, welded sockets, tension rings with Clamp connections, sealings, etc.

Temperature limits

Higher process temperatures often mean also higher ambient temperatures. Make sure that the upper temperature limits stated in chapter "*Technical data*" for the environment of the electronics housing and connection cable are not exceeded.

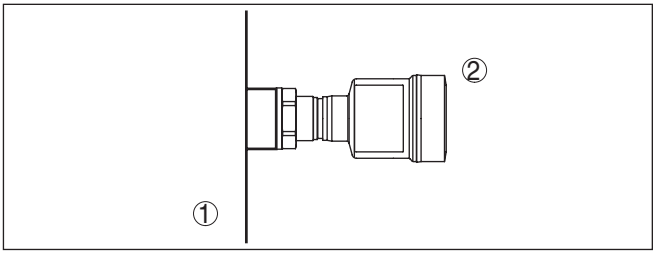


Fig. 7: Temperature ranges

1 Process temperature
2 Ambient temperature

4.2 Ventilation and pressure compensation

Filter elements

Ventilation and pressure compensation are carried out with VEGABAR 83 via a filter element. It is air permeable and moisture-blocking.

Caution:
The filter element causes a time-delayed pressure compensation. When quickly opening/closing the housing cover, the measured value can change for approx. 5 s by up to 15 mbar.

For effective ventilation, the filter element must always be free of buildup.

Caution:
Do not use a high-pressure cleaner. The filter element could be damaged, which would allow moisture into the housing.

The following paragraphs describe how the filter element is arranged in the different instrument versions.

Instruments in non-Ex, Ex-ia and Ex-d-ia version

The filter element is mounted into the electronics housing. It has the following functions:

- Ventilation of the electronics housing
- Atmospheric pressure compensation (with relative pressure measuring ranges)

→ In case of horizontal mounting, turn the housing so that the filter element points downward after the instrument is installed. This provides better protection against buildup.

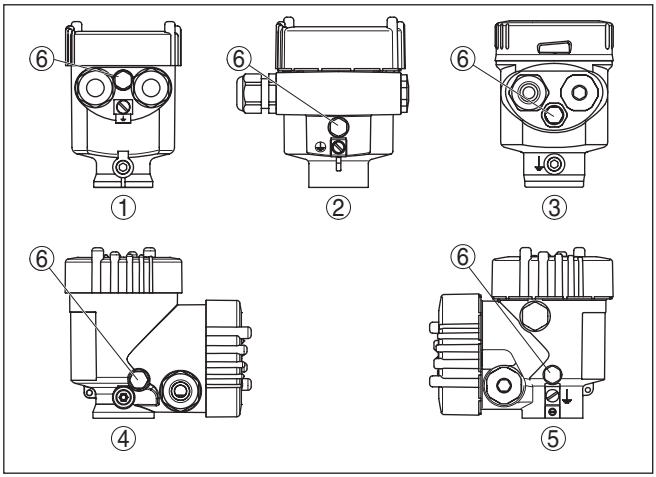


Fig. 8: Position of the filter element - non-Ex, Ex-ia and Ex-d-ia version

1 Plastic, stainless steel single chamber (precision casting)
2 Aluminium - single chamber
3 Stainless steel single chamber (electropolished)
4 Plastic double chamber
5 Aluminium, stainless steel double chamber housing (precision casting)
6 Filter element

With the following instruments a blind plug is installed instead of the filter element:

- Instruments in protection IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar) - ventilation via capillaries in non-detachable cable
- Instruments with absolute pressure

Instruments in Ex-d version

The filter element is integrated in the process assembly. It is located in a rotatable metal ring and has the following function:

- Atmospheric pressure compensation (with relative pressure measuring ranges)

→ Turn the metal ring in such a way that the filter element points downward after installation of the instrument. This provides better protection against buildup.

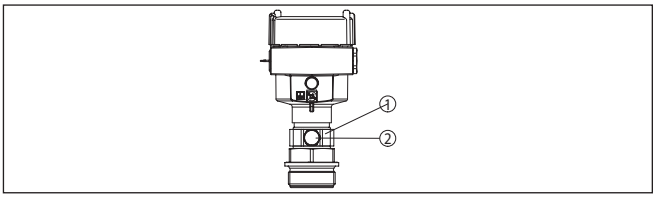


Fig. 9: Position of the filter element - Ex-d version

1 Rotatable metal ring
2 Filter element

Instruments with absolute pressure have a blind plug mounted instead of the filter element.

Instruments with Second Line of Defense

The Second Line of Defense (SLOD) is a second level of the process separation in form of a gas-tight leadthrough in the housing neck, preventing products from penetrating into the housing.

With these instruments, the process assembly is completely encapsulated. An absolute pressure measuring cell is used so that no ventilation is required.

With relative pressure measuring ranges, the ambient pressure is detected and compensated by a reference sensor in the electronics.

The filter element is mounted into the electronics housing. It has the following functions:

- Ventilation of the electronics housing
- Atmospheric pressure compensation (with relative pressure measuring ranges)

→ Turn the housing so that the filter element points downward after the instrument is installed. This provides better protection against buildup.

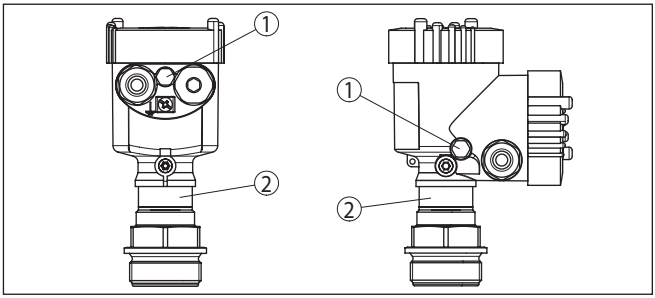


Fig. 10: Position of the filter element - gastight leadthrough

1 Filter element
2 Gas-tight leadthrough

Instruments in IP 69K version

The filter element is mounted into the electronics housing. It has the following functions:

- Ventilation of the electronics housing
- Atmospheric pressure compensation (with relative pressure measuring ranges)

→ Turn the housing so that the filter element points downward after the instrument is installed. This provides better protection against buildup.

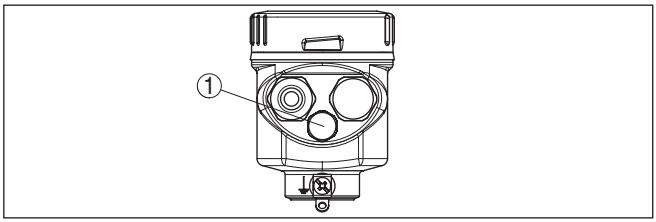


Fig. 11: Position of the filter element - IP 69K version

1 Filter element

Instruments with absolute pressure have a blind plug mounted instead of the filter element.

4.3 Process pressure measurement

Measurement setup in gases

Keep the following in mind when setting up the measuring system:

- Mount the instrument above the measuring point

Possible condensation can then drain off into the process line.

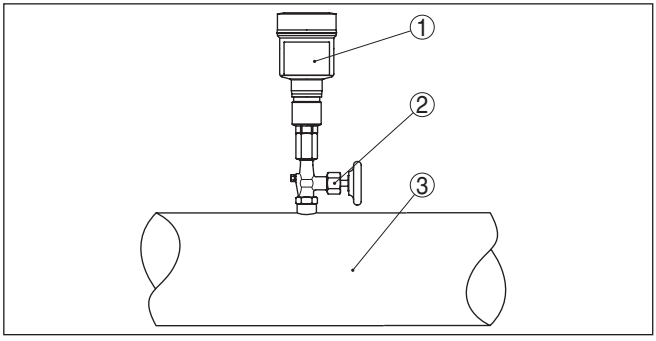


Fig. 12: Measurement setup for process pressure measurement of gases in pipelines

1 VEGABAR 83
2 Blocking valve
3 Pipeline

Measurement setup in vapours

Keep the following in mind when setting up the measuring system:

- Connect via a siphon
- Do not insulate the siphon
- Fill the siphon with water before setup

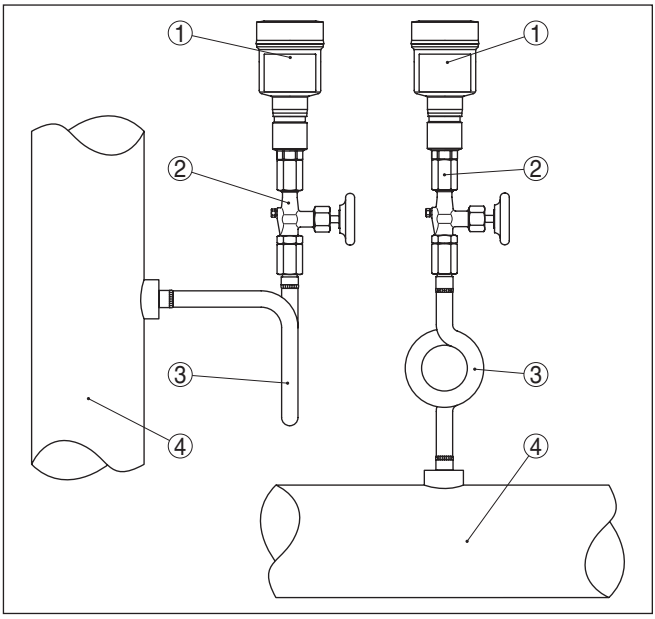


Fig. 13: Measurement setup with process pressure measurement of gases in pipelines

1 VEGABAR 83
2 Blocking valve
3 Siphon in U or circular form
4 Pipeline

A protective accumulation of water is formed through condensation in the pipe bends. Even in applications with hot steam, a medium temperature < 100 °C on the transmitter is ensured.

Measurement setup in liquids

Keep the following in mind when setting up the measuring system:

- Mount the instrument below the measuring point

The effective pressure line is always filled with liquid and gas bubbles can bubble up to the process line.

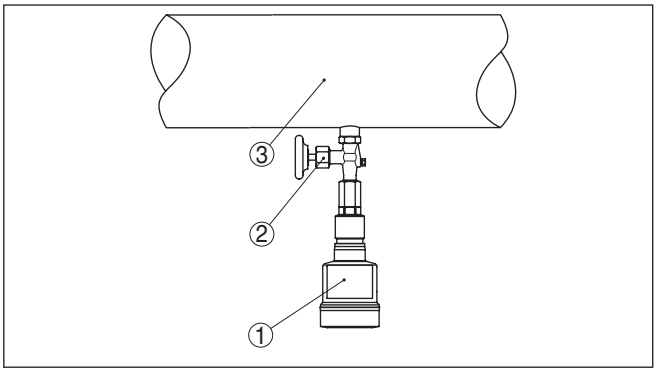


Fig. 14: Measurement setup for process pressure measurement of liquids in pipelines

1 VEGABAR 83
2 Blocking valve
3 Pipeline

4.4 Level measurement

Measurement setup

Keep the following in mind when setting up the measuring system:

- Mount the instrument below the min. level
- Do not mount the instrument close to the filling stream or emptying area
- Mount the instrument so that it is protected against pressure shocks from the stirrer

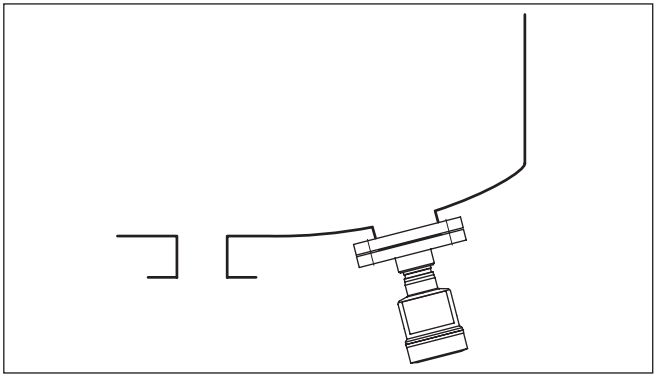


Fig. 15: Measurement setup for level measurement

4.5 External housing

Configuration

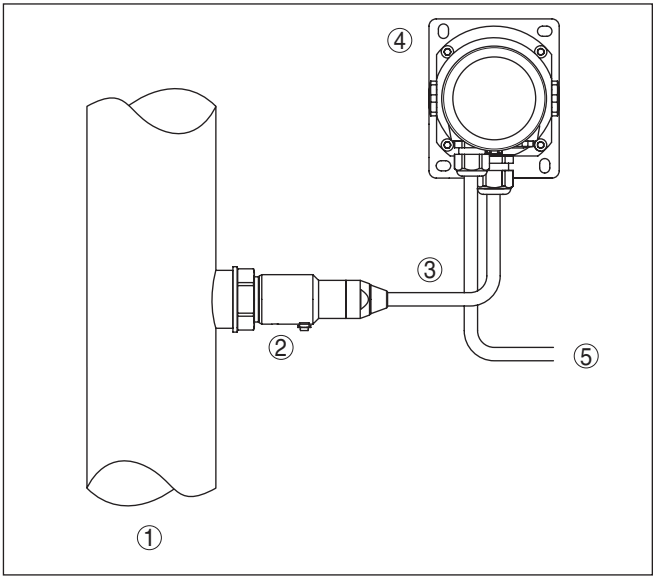


Fig. 16: Configuration, process module, external housing

1 Pipeline
2 Process module
3 Connection cable process assembly - External housing
4 External housing
5 Signal cable

Mounting

1. Mark the holes according to the following drilling template
2. Fasten wall mounting plate with 4 screws

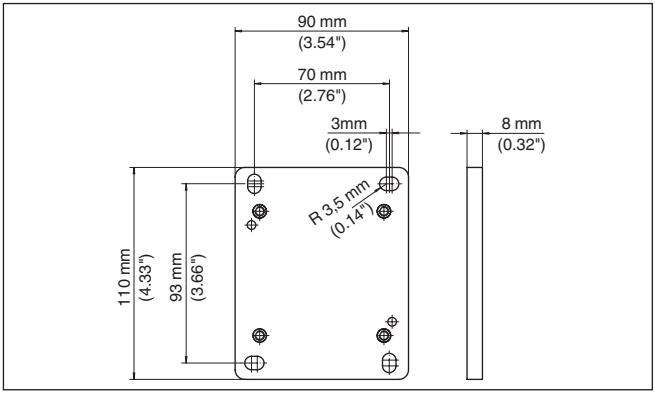


Fig. 17: Drilling template - wall mounting plate

5 Connecting to power supply

5.1 Preparing the connection

Safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

Warning:
Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage.

- The electrical connection must only be carried out by trained personnel authorised by the plant operator.
- If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed.

Voltage supply

Power supply and current signal are carried on the same two-wire cable. The operating voltage can differ depending on the instrument version.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter "*Technical data*".

Keep in mind the following additional factors that influence the operating voltage:

- Lower output voltage of the power supply unit under nominal load (e.g. with a sensor current of 20.5 mA or 22 mA in case of fault)
- Influence of additional instruments in the circuit (see load values in chapter "*Technical data*")

Connection cable

The instrument is connected with standard two-wire cable without screen. If electromagnetic interference is expected which is above the test values of EN 61326-1 for industrial areas, screened cable should be used.

Make sure that the cable used has the required temperature resistance and fire safety for max. occurring ambient temperature

Use cable with round cross section for instruments with housing and cable gland. Use a cable gland suitable for the cable diameter to ensure the seal effect of the cable gland (IP protection rating).

Cable glands

Metric threads
In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.

NPT thread
In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

On plastic housings, the NPT cable gland or the Conduit steel tube must be screwed into the threaded insert without grease.

Max. torque for all housings, see chapter "*Technical data*".

Cable screening and grounding

If screened cable is required, we recommend connecting the cable screen on both ends to ground potential. In the sensor, the screen must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal on the outside of the housing must be connected to the ground potential (low impedance).

In Ex systems, the grounding is carried out according to the installation regulations.

In electroplating plants as well as plants for cathodic corrosion protection it must be taken into account that significant potential differences exist. This can lead to unacceptably high currents in the cable screen if it is grounded at both ends.

Information:
The metallic parts of the instrument (process fitting, sensor, concentric tube, etc.) are connected with the internal and external ground terminal on the housing. This connection exists either directly via the conductive metallic parts or, in case of instruments with external electronics, via the screen of the special connection cable.

You can find specifications on the potential connections inside the instrument in chapter "*Technical data*".

5.2 Connecting

Connection technology

The voltage supply and signal output are connected via the spring-loaded terminals in the housing.

Connection to the display and adjustment module or to the interface adapter is carried out via contact pins in the housing.

Information:
The terminal block is pluggable and can be removed from the electronics. To do this, lift the terminal block with a small screwdriver and pull it out. When reinserting the terminal block, you should hear it snap in.

Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

1. Unscrew the housing lid
2. If a display and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turning it slightly to the left
3. Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
4. Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
5. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry

Fig. 18: Connection steps 5 and 6 - Single chamber housing

6. Insert the wire ends into the terminals according to the wiring plan

Information:
Solid cores as well as flexible cores with wire end sleeves are inserted directly into the terminal openings. In case of flexible cores without end sleeves, press the terminal from above with a small screwdriver, the terminal opening is then free. When the screwdriver is released, the terminal closes again.

You can find further information on the max. wire cross-section under "*Technical data - Electromechanical data*".

7. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
8. Connect the screen to the internal ground terminal, connect the external ground terminal to potential equalisation
9. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
10. Reinsert the display and adjustment module, if one was installed
11. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

5.3 Single chamber housing

The following illustration applies to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Electronics and terminal compartment

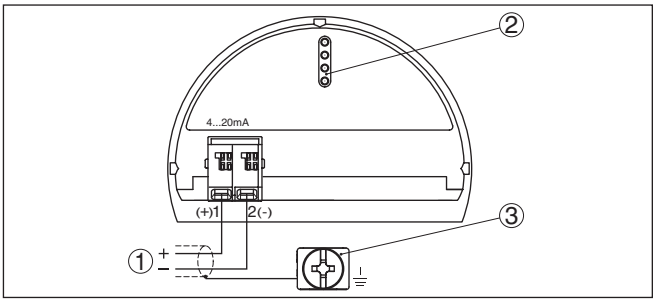


Fig. 19: Electronics and terminal compartment - single chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output
2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen

5.4 Ex-d-ia double chamber housing

Electronics compartment

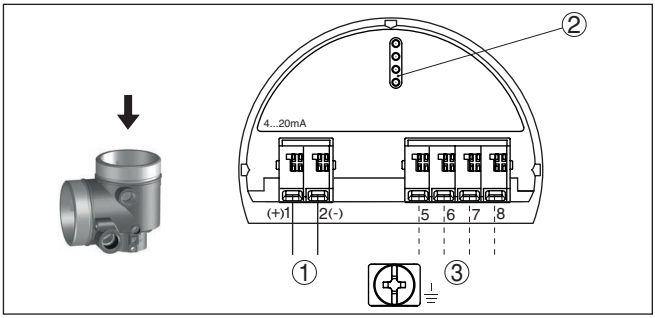


Fig. 20: Electronics compartment - Ex-d-ia double chamber housing

1 Internal connection to the terminal compartment
2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
3 Internal connection to the plug connector for external display and adjustment unit (optional)

Note:
HART multidrop mode is not possible when using an Ex-d-ia instrument.

Terminal compartment

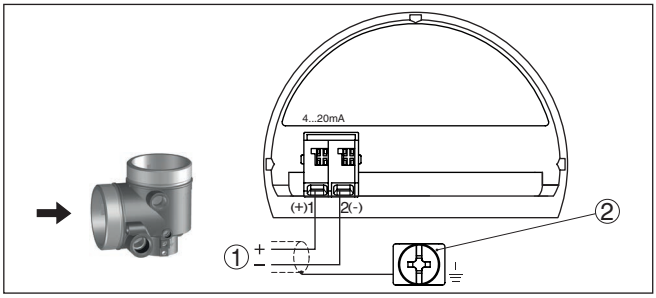


Fig. 21: Connection compartment - Ex-d-ia double chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output
2 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen

5.5 Housing IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar)

Wire assignment, connection cable

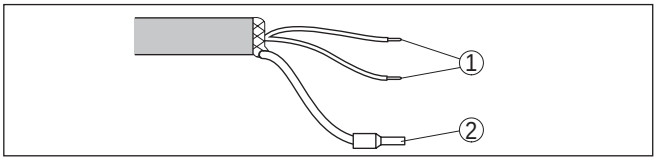


Fig. 22: Wire assignment in permanently connected connection cable

1 Brown (+) and blue (-) to power supply or to the processing system
2 Shielding

5.6 External housing with version IP 68 (25 bar)

Overview

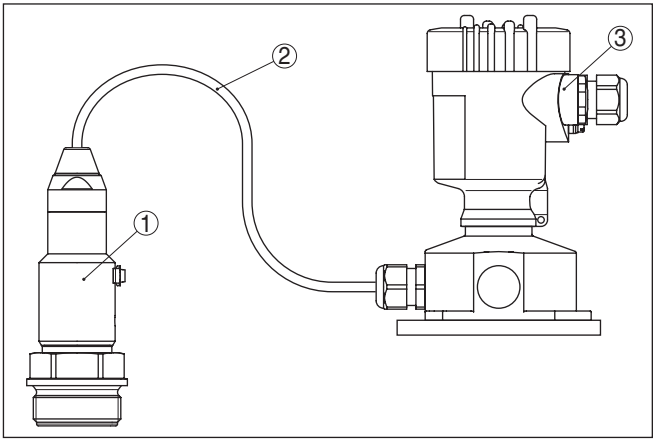


Fig. 23: VEGABAR 83 in IP 68 version 25 bar with axial cable outlet, external housing

1 Transmitter
2 Connection cable
3 External housing

Electronics and connection compartment for power supply

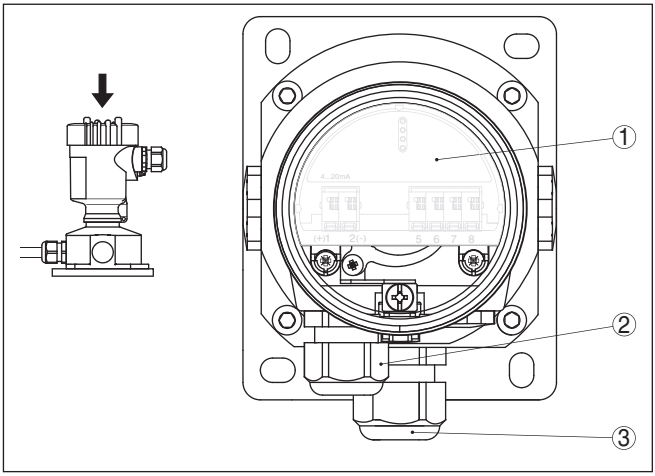


Fig. 24: Electronics and terminal compartment

1 Electronics module
2 Cable gland for voltage supply
3 Cable gland for connection cable, transmitter

Terminal compartment, housing socket

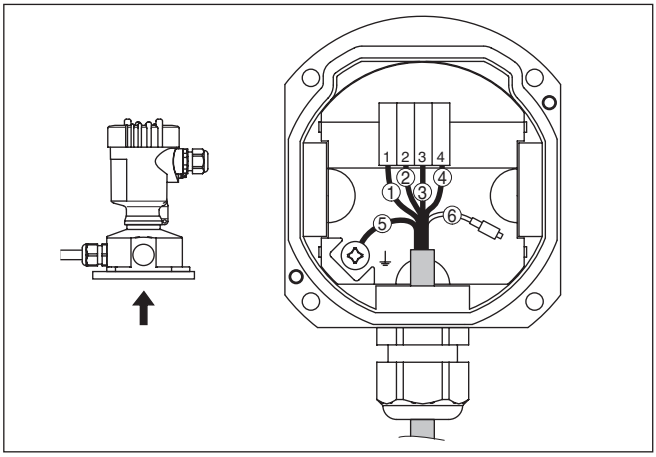


Fig. 25: Connection of the sensor in the housing base

1 Yellow
2 White
3 Red
4 Black
5 Shielding
6 Breather capillaries

Electronics and terminal compartment

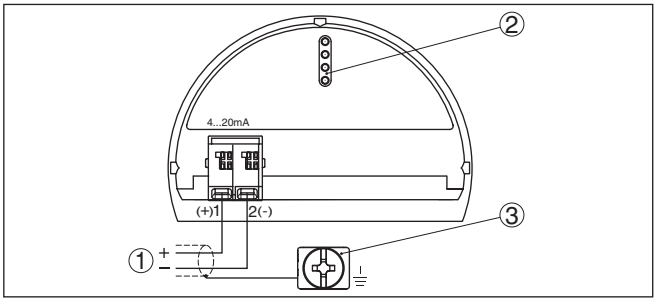


Fig. 26: Electronics and terminal compartment - single chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output
2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen

5.7 Switch-on phase

After connecting the instrument to power supply or after a voltage recurrence, the instrument carries out a self-check for approx. 5 s:

- Internal check of the electronics
- Indication of a status message on the display or PC
- Output signal at instruments with current output jumps to the set fault current

Then the actual measured value is outputted to the signal cable. The value takes into account settings that have already been carried out, e.g. default setting.

6 Set up with the display and adjustment module

6.1 Insert display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. You can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°. It is not necessary to interrupt the power supply.

Proceed as follows:

1. Unscrew the housing lid
2. Place the display and adjustment module on the electronics in the desired position and turn it to the right until it snaps in.
3. Screw housing lid with inspection window tightly back on

Disassembly is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.

Fig. 27: Installing the display and adjustment module in the electronics compartment of the single chamber housing

Note:
If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher lid with an inspection glass is required.

6.2 Adjustment system

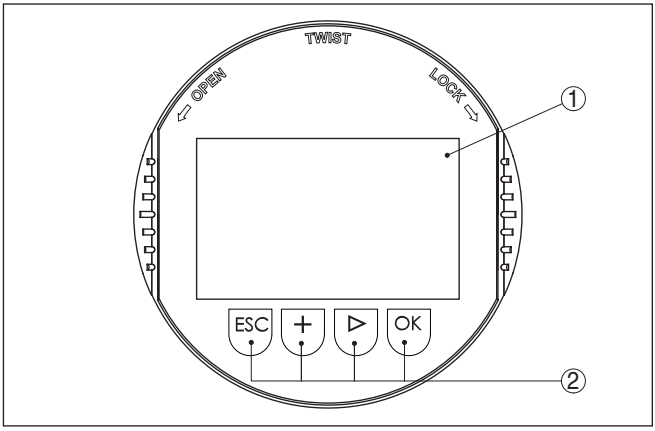


Fig. 28: Display and adjustment elements

1 LC display
2 Adjustment keys

Key functions

- ***[OK]*** key:
  - Move to the menu overview
  - Confirm selected menu
  - Edit parameter
  - Save value
- ***[->]*** key:
  - Change measured value presentation
  - Select list entry
  - Select menu items in the quick setup menu
  - Select editing position
- ***[+]*** key:
  - Change value of the parameter
- ***[ESC]*** key:
  - Interrupt input
  - Jump to next higher menu

Operating system - Keys direct

The instrument is operated via the four keys of the display and adjustment module. The individual menu items are shown on the LC display. You can find the function of the individual keys in the previous illustration.

Adjustment system - keys via magnetic pen

With the Bluetooth version of the display and adjustment module you can also adjust the instrument with the magnetic pen. The pen operates the four keys of the display and adjustment module right through the closed lid (with inspection window) of the sensor housing.

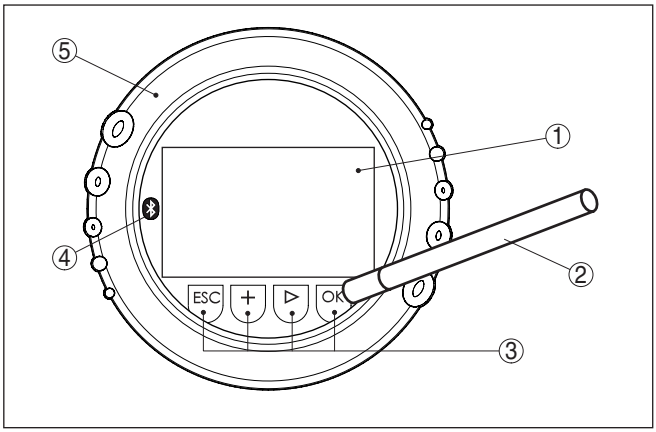


Fig. 29: Display and adjustment elements - with adjustment via magnetic pen

1 *LC display*
2 *Magnetic pen*
3 *Adjustment keys*
4 *Bluetooth symbol*
5 *Lid with inspection window*

Time functions

When the ***[+]*** and ***[->]*** keys are pressed quickly, the edited value, or the cursor, changes one value or position at a time. If the key is pressed longer than 1 s, the value or position changes continuously.

When the ***[OK]*** and ***[ESC]*** keys are pressed simultaneously for more than 5 s, the display returns to the main menu. The menu language is then switched over to "*English*".

Approx. 60 minutes after the last pressing of a key, an automatic reset to measured value indication is triggered. Any values not confirmed with ***[OK]*** will not be saved.

6.3 Measured value indication

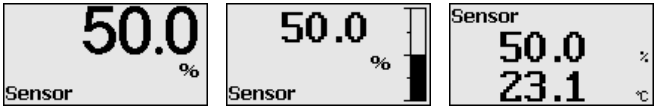
Measured value indication

With the ***[->]*** key you can move between three different indication modes.

In the first view, the selected measured value is displayed in large digits.

In the second view, the selected measured value and a corresponding bar graph presentation are displayed.

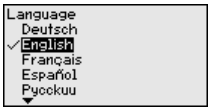
In the third view, the selected measured value as well as a second selectable value, e.g. the temperature, are displayed.



With the "***OK***" key you move (during the initial setup of the instrument) to the selection menu "*Language*".

Selection language

In this menu item, you can select the national language for further parameterization.



With the "***[->]***" button, you can select the requested language, with "***OK***" you confirm the selection and move to the main menu.

You can change your selection afterwards with the menu item "*Setup - Display, Menu language*".

6.4 Parameter adjustment - Quick setup

To quickly and easily adapt the sensor to the application, select the menu item "*Quick setup*" in the start graphic on the display and adjustment module.

Select the individual steps with the ***[->]*** key.

After the last step, "*Quick setup terminated successfully*" is displayed briefly.

The return to the measured value indication is carried out through the ***[->]*** or ***[ESC]*** keys or automatically after 3 s

Note:
You can find a description of the individual steps in the quick setup guide of the sensor.

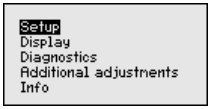
You can find "*Extended adjustment*" in the next sub-chapter.

6.5 Parameter adjustment - Extended adjustment

For technically demanding measuring points, you can carry out extended settings in "*Extended adjustment*".

Main menu

The main menu is divided into five sections with the following functions:



Setup: Settings, e.g., for measurement loop name, application, units, position correction, adjustment, signal output

Display: Settings, e.g., for language, measured value display, lighting

Diagnosis: Information, e.g. on instrument status, pointer, measurement certainty, simulation

Additional adjustments: PIN, date/time, reset, copy function

Info: Instrument name, hardware and software version, date of manufacture, sensor features

Note:
For optimum adjustment of the measuring point, the individual submenu items in the main menu item "*Setup*" should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct parameters. If possible, go through the items in the given sequence.

The submenu points are described below.

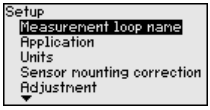
Setup - Measurement loop name

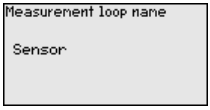
In the menu item "*Sensor TAG*" you edit a twelve-digit measurement loop designation.

You can enter an unambiguous designation for the sensor, e.g. the measurement loop name or the tank or product designation. In digital systems and in the documentation of larger plants, a singular designation must be entered for exact identification of individual measuring points.

The available digits include:

- Letters from A … Z
- Numbers from 0 … 9
- Special characters +, -, /, -





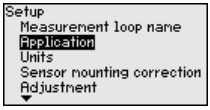
Setup - Application

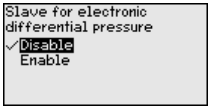
In this menu item you activate/deactivate the slave sensor for electronic differential pressure and select the application.

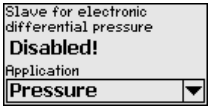
VEGABAR 83 can be used for process pressure and level measurement. Default setting is process pressure measurement. The mode can be changed in this adjustment menu.

If you have connected **no** slave sensor, you confirm this with "*Deactivate*".

Depending on the selected application, different subchapters in the following adjustment steps are important. There you can find the individual adjustment steps.





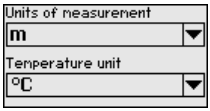


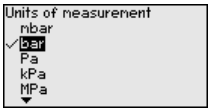
Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings with ***[OK]*** and jump to the next menu item with the ***[ESC]*** and the ***[->]*** key.

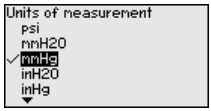
Setup - Units

In this menu item, the adjustment units of the instrument are determined. The selection determines the unit displayed in the menu items "*Min. adjustment (Zero)*" and "*Max. adjustment (Span)*".

Unit of measurement:



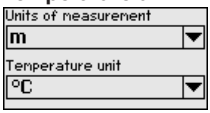


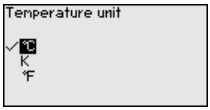


If the level should be adjusted in a height unit, the density of the medium must also be entered later during the adjustment.

In addition, the temperature unit of the instrument is specified. The selection determines the unit displayed in menu items "*Peak value, temperature*" and "in the variables of the digital output signal".

Temperature unit:

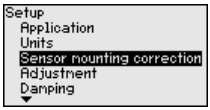


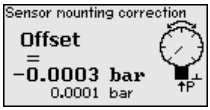


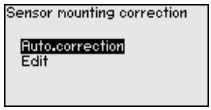
Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings with ***[OK]*** and jump to the next menu item with the ***[ESC]*** and the ***[->]*** key.

Setup - Position correction

Especially with chemical seal systems, the installation position of the instrument can shift (offset) the measured value. Position correction compensates this offset. In the process, the actual measured value is taken over automatically. With relative pressure measuring cells a manual offset can also be carried out.







If the actual measured value should be taken over as correction value during automatic position correction, this value must not be influenced by product coverage or static pressure.

With the manual position correction, the offset value can be determined by the user. Select for this purpose the function "*Edit*" and enter the requested value.

Save your settings with ***[OK]*** and move with ***[ESC]*** and ***[->]*** to the next menu item.

After the position correction is carried out, the actual measured value is corrected to 0. The corrective value appears with an inverse sign as offset value in the display.

The position correction can be repeated as often as necessary. However, if the sum of the corrective values exceeds 20 % of the nominal measuring range, then no position correction is possible.

Setup - Adjustment

VEGABAR 83 always measures pressure independently of the process variable selected in the menu item "*Application*". To output the

selected process variable correctly, an allocation of the output signal to 0 % and 100 % must be carried out (adjustment).

With the application "*Level*", the hydrostatic pressure, e.g. with full and empty vessel, is entered for adjustment. See following example:

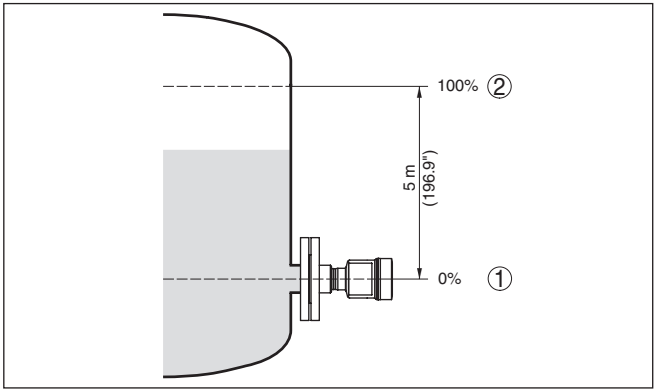


Fig. 30: Parameter adjustment example "Min./max. adjustment, level measurement"

1 Min. level = 0 % corresponds to 0.0 mbar
2 Max. level = 100 % corresponds to 490.5 mbar

If these values are not known, an adjustment with filling levels of e.g. 10 % and 90 % is also possible. By means of these settings, the real filling height is then calculated.

The actual product level during this adjustment is not important, because the min./max. adjustment is always carried out without changing the product level. These settings can be made ahead of time without the instrument having to be installed.

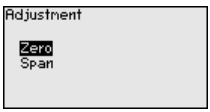
Note:
If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the entered value will not be accepted. Editing can be interrupted with ***[ESC]*** or corrected to a value within the adjustment ranges.

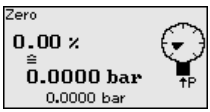
For the other process variables such as e.g. process pressure, differential pressure or flow, the adjustment is performed in like manner.

Setup - Zero adjustment

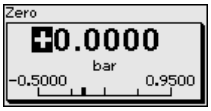
Proceed as follows:

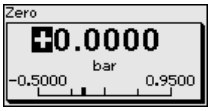
1. Select the menu item "*Setup*" with ***[->]*** and confirm with ***[OK]***. Now select with ***[->]*** the menu item "*Zero adjustment*" and confirm with ***[OK]***.





2. Edit the mbar value with ***[OK]*** and set the cursor to the requested position with ***[->]***.





3. Set the requested mbar value with ***[+]*** and store with ***[OK]***.
4. Go with ***[ESC]*** and ***[->]*** to the span adjustment

The zero adjustment is finished.

Information:
The Zero adjustment shifts the value of the span adjustment. The span, i.e. the difference between these values, however, remains unchanged.

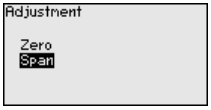
For an adjustment with pressure, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

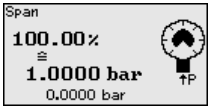
If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the message "*Outside parameter limits*" appears. The editing procedure can be aborted with ***[ESC]*** or the displayed limit value can be accepted with ***[OK]***.

Setup - Span adjustment

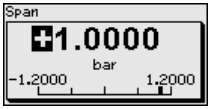
Proceed as follows:

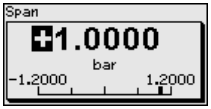
1. Select with ***[->]*** the menu item Span adjustment and confirm with ***[OK]***.





2. Edit the mbar value with ***[OK]*** and set the cursor to the requested position with ***[->]***.





3. Set the requested mbar value with ***[+]*** and store with ***[OK]***.

For an adjustment with pressure, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

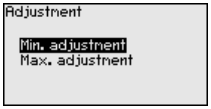
If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the message "*Outside parameter limits*" appears. The editing procedure can be aborted with ***[ESC]*** or the displayed limit value can be accepted with ***[OK]***.

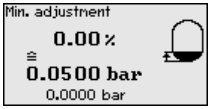
The span adjustment is finished.

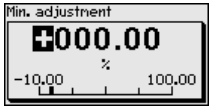
Setup - Min. adjustment Level

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the menu item "*Setup*" with ***[->]*** and confirm with ***[OK]***. Now select with ***[->]*** the menu item "*Adjustment*", then "*Min. adjustment*" and confirm with ***[OK]***.







2. Edit the percentage value with ***[OK]*** and set the cursor to the requested position with ***[->]***.
3. Set the requested percentage value (e.g. 10 %) with ***[+]*** and save with ***[OK]***. The cursor jumps now to the pressure value.
4. Enter the pressure value corresponding to the min. level (e.g. 0 mbar).
5. Save settings with ***[OK]*** and move with ***[ESC]*** and ***[->]*** to the max. adjustment.

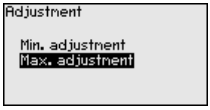
The min. adjustment is finished.

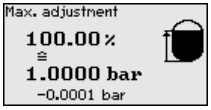
For an adjustment with filling, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

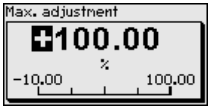
Setup - Max. adjustment Level

Proceed as follows:

1. Select with ***[->]*** the menu item Max. adjustment and confirm with ***[OK]***.







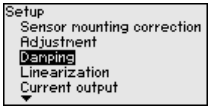
2. Edit the percentage value with ***[OK]*** and set the cursor to the requested position with ***[->]***.
3. Set the requested percentage value (e.g. 90 %) with ***[+]*** and save with ***[OK]***. The cursor jumps now to the pressure value.
4. Enter the pressure value for the full vessel (e.g. 900 mbar) corresponding to the percentage value.
5. Save settings with ***[OK]***

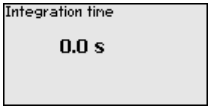
The max. adjustment is finished.

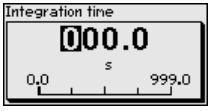
For an adjustment with filling, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

Setup - Damping

To damp process-dependent measured value fluctuations, set an integration time of 0 … 999 s in this menu item. The increment is 0.1 s.



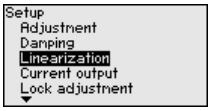


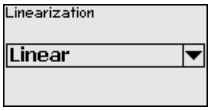


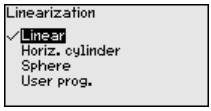
The default setting depends on the sensor type.

Setup - Linearisation

A linearization is necessary for all vessels in which the vessel volume does not increase linearly with the level - e.g. a horizontal cylindrical or spherical tank - and the indication or output of the volume is required. Corresponding linearization curves are preprogrammed for these vessels. They represent the correlation between the level percentage and vessel volume. The linearization applies to the measured value indication and the current output.





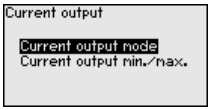


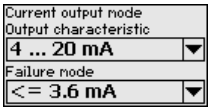
Caution:
Note the following, if the respective sensor is used as part of an overfill protection system according to WHG:

If a linearisation curve is selected, the measuring signal is no longer necessarily linear to the filling height. This must be considered by the user especially when setting the switching point on the limit signal transmitter.

Setup - Current output (mode)

In the menu item "*Current output mode*" you determine the output characteristics and reaction of the current output in case of fault.

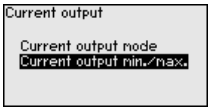


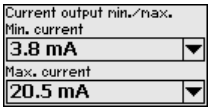


The default setting is output characteristics 4 … 20 mA, fault mode < 3.6 mA.

Setup - Current output (Min./Max.)

In the menu item "*Current output Min./Max.*", you determine the reaction of the current output during operation.

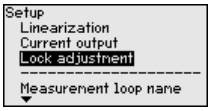


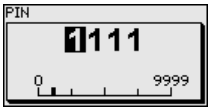


The default setting is min. current 3.8 mA and max. current 20.5 mA.

Lock/unlock setup - Adjustment

In the menu item "*Lock/unlock adjustment*" you safeguard the sensor parameters against unauthorized or unintentional modifications.





With active PIN, only the following adjustment functions are possible without entering a PIN:

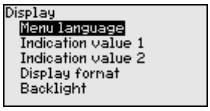
- Select menu items and show data
- Read data from sensor into the display and adjustment module.

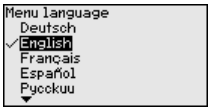
Releasing the sensor adjustment is also possible in any menu item by entering the PIN.

Caution:
With active PIN, adjustment via PACTware/DTM and other systems is also blocked.

Display - Language

This menu item enables the setting of the requested national language.





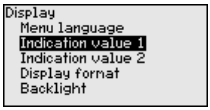
The following languages are available:

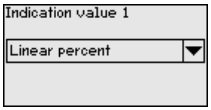
- German
- English
- French
- Spanish
- Russian
- Italian
- Dutch
- Portuguese
- Japanese
- Chinese
- Polish
- Czech
- Turkish

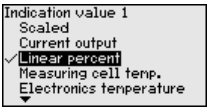
In delivery status, the VEGABAR 83 is set to English.

Display - Displayed value 1 and 2

In this menu item, you define which measured value is displayed.



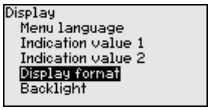


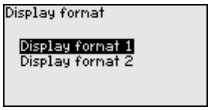


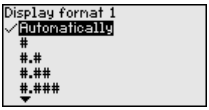
The default setting for the display value is "*Lin. percent*".

Display - Display format 1 and 2

In this menu item you define the number of decimal positions with which the measured value is displayed.



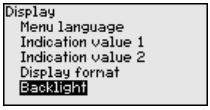




The default setting for the display format is "*Automatic*".

Display - Backlight

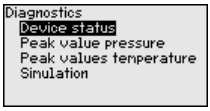
The display and adjustment module has a backlight for the display. In this menu item you can switch on the lighting. You can find the required operating voltage in chapter "*Technical data*".

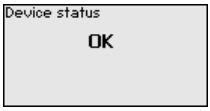


In delivery status, the lighting is switched on.

Diagnostics - Device status

In this menu item, the device status is displayed.



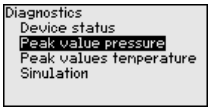


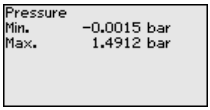
In case of error, e.g. the error code F017, e.g. the error description "*Adjustment span too small*" and a four digit figure are displayed for service purposes. You can find the error codes with description, reason as well as rectification in chapter "*Asset Management*".

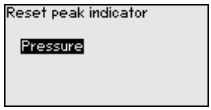
Diagnostics - Peak values, pressure

The respective min. and max. measured values are saved in the sensor. The two values are displayed in menu item "*Peak values, pressure*".

In another window you can carry out a reset of the peak values separately.



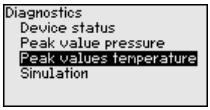


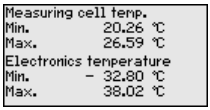


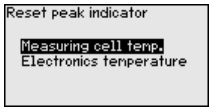
Diagnostics - Peak values, temperature

The respective min. and max. measured values of the measuring cell and the electronics temperature are stored in the sensor. In menu item "*Peak value, temperature*", both values are displayed.

In another window you can carry out a reset of the two peak values separately.

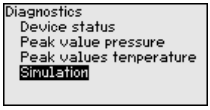


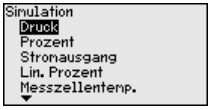


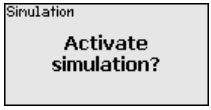


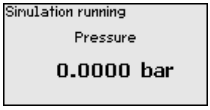
Diagnosis - Simulation

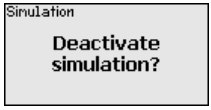
In this menu item you can simulate measured values. This allows the signal path to be tested, e.g. through downstream indicating instruments or the input card of the control system.











Select the requested simulation variable and set the requested value.

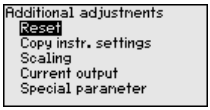
To deactivate the simulation, you have to push the ***[ESC]*** key and confirm the message "*Deactivate simulation*" with the ***[OK]*** key.

Caution:
During simulation, the simulated value is outputted as 4 … 20 mA current value and with instruments 4 … 20 mA/HART in addition as digital HART signal. The status message within the context of the asset management function is "*Maintenance*".

Note:
Without manual deactivation, the sensor terminates the simulation automatically after 60 minutes.

Additional settings - Reset

After a reset, certain parameter adjustments made by the user are reset.



The following reset functions are available:

Delivery status: Restores the parameter settings at the time of shipment from the factory, incl. the order-specific settings. Any user-defined linearisation curve as well as the measured value memory are deleted.

Basic settings: Resetting of the parameter settings incl. special parameters to the default values of the respective instrument. Any user programmable linearization curve as well as the measured value memory are deleted.

The following table shows the default values of the instrument. Depending on the instrument version or application, all menu items may not be available or some may be differently assigned:

Reset - Setup

Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Measurement loop name		Sensor
Application	Application	Level
Units	Unit of measurement	mbar (with nominal measuring range ≤ 400 mbar) bar (with nominal measuring ranges ≥ 1 bar)
	Temperature unit	°C
Position correction		0.00 bar
Adjustment	Zero/Min. adjustment	0.00 bar 0.00 %
	Span/Max. adjustment	Nominal measuring range in bar 100.00 %
Damping	Integration time	1 s
Linearization		Linear
Current output	Current output - Mode	Output characteristics 4 … 20 mA Reaction when malfunctions occur ≤ 3.6 mA
	Current output - Min./Max.	3.8 mA 20.5 mA
Lock adjustment		Released

Reset - Display

Menu item	Default value
Menu language	Selected language
Displayed value 1	Current output in %
Displayed value 2	Ceramic measuring cell: Measuring cell temperature in °C Metallic measuring cell: Electronics temperature in °C
Display format 1 and 2	Number of positions after the decimal point, automatically
Backlight	Switched on

Reset - Diagnosis

Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Sensor status		-
Peak value	Pressure	Actual measured value
	Temperature	Actual temperature values from measuring cell, electronics
Simulation		Process pressure

Reset - Additional settings

Menu item	Parameter	Default value
PIN		0000
Date/Time		Actual date/Actual time
Copy instrument settings		
Special parameters		No reset
Scaling	Scaling size	Volume in l
	Scaling format	0 % corresponds to 0 l 100 % corresponds to 0 l
Current output	Current output - Meas. variable	Lin. percent - Level
	Current output - Adjustment	0 … 100 % correspond to 4 … 20 mA

Additional settings - Copy instrument settings

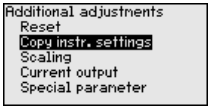
The instrument settings are copied with this function. The following functions are available:

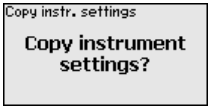
- Read from sensor: Read data from sensor and save in the display and adjustment module
- Write to sensor: Save data from the display and adjustment module back into the sensor

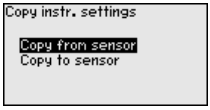
The following data or settings for adjustment of the display and adjustment module are saved:

- All data of the menu "*Setup*" and "*Display*"
- In the menu "*Additional adjustments*" the items "*Reset, Date/Time*"

- The user-programmable linearization curve





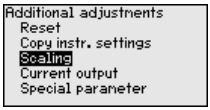


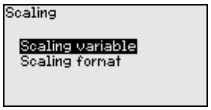
The copied data are permanently saved in an EEPROM memory in the display and adjustment module and remain there even in case of power failure. From there, they can be written into one or more sensors or kept as backup for a possible electronics exchange.

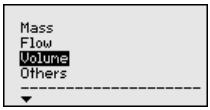
Note:
Before the data are saved in the sensor, a safety check is carried out to determine if the data match the sensor. In the process the sensor type of the source data as well as the target sensor are displayed. If the data do not match, a fault message is outputted or the function is blocked. The data are saved only after release.

Additional settings - Scaling (1)

In menu item "*Scaling*" you define the scaling variable and the scaling unit for the level value on the display, e.g. volume in l.

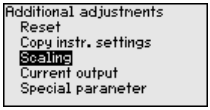


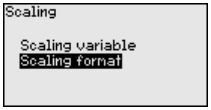


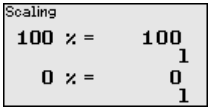


Additional settings - Scaling (2)

In menu item "*Scaling (2)*" you define the scaling format on the display and the scaling of the measured level value for 0 % and 100 %.

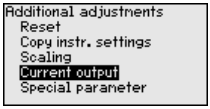


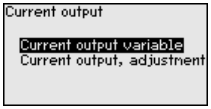


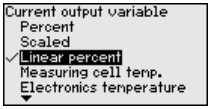


Additional settings - Current output (size)

In menu item "*Current output, variable*" you specify which measured variable is outputted via the current output.

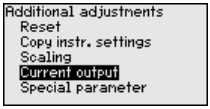


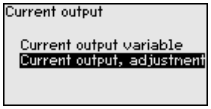


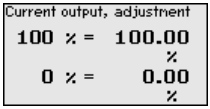


Additional settings - Current output (adjustment)

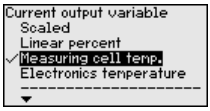
Depending on the selected measured variable, you assign in the menu item "*Current output, adjustment*" the measured values that 4 mA (0 %) and 20 mA (100 %) of the current output refer to.

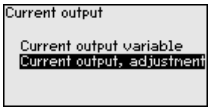


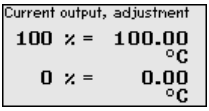




If the measuring cell temperature is selected as measured variable, then e.g. 0 °C refers to 4 mA and 100 °C to 20 mA.



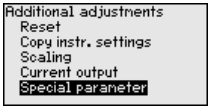




Additional settings - Special parameters

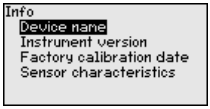
In this menu item you gain access to the protected area where you can enter special parameters. In exceptional cases, individual parameters can be modified in order to adapt the sensor to special requirements.

Change the settings of the special parameters only after having contacted our service staff.



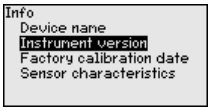
Info - Instrument name

In this menu item, you can read out the instrument name and the instrument serial number:



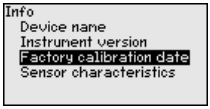
Info - Instrument version

In this menu item, the hardware and software version of the sensor is displayed.



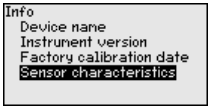
Info - Factory calibration date

In this menu item, the date of factory calibration of the sensor as well as the date of the last change of sensor parameters are displayed via the display and adjustment module or via the PC.



Info - Sensor characteristics

In this menu item, the features of the sensor such as approval, process fitting, seal, measuring range, electronics, housing and others are displayed.



6.6 Saving the parameterisation data

Backup on paper

We recommended writing down the adjustment data, e.g. in this operating instructions manual, and archiving them afterwards. They are thus available for multiple use or service purposes.

Backup in the display and adjustment module

If the instrument is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the data in the sensor can be saved in the display and adjustment module. The procedure is described in menu item "*Copy device settings*" in the menu "*Additional settings*". The data remain there permanently even if the sensor power supply fails.

The following data or settings for adjustment of the display and adjustment module are saved:

- All data of the menu "*Setup*" and "*Display*"
- The items "*Sensor-specific units, temperature unit and linearisation*" in the menu "*Additional settings*".
- The values of the user-programmable linearisation curve

The function can also be used to transfer settings from one instrument to another instrument of the same type. If it is necessary to exchange a sensor, the display and adjustment module is inserted into the replacement instrument and the data are likewise written into the sensor via the menu item "*Copy device settings*".

7 Setup with PACTware

7.1 Connect the PC

Via the interface adapter directly on the sensor

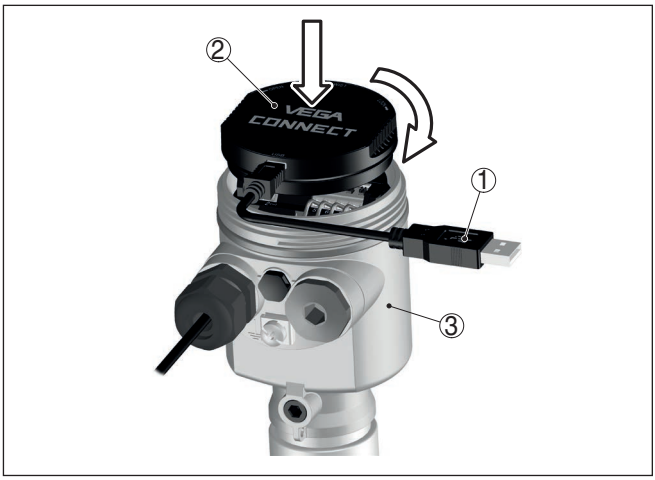


Fig. 31: Connection of the PC directly to the sensor via the interface adapter

1 USB cable to the PC
2 Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
3 Sensor

7.2 Parameter adjustment

Prerequisites

For parameter adjustment of the instrument via a Windows PC, the configuration software PACTware and a suitable instrument driver (DTM) according to FDT standard are required. The latest PACTware version as well as all available DTMs are compiled in a DTM Collection. The DTMs can also be integrated into other frame applications according to FDT standard.

Note:
To ensure that all instrument functions are supported, you should always use the latest DTM Collection. Furthermore, not all described functions are included in older firmware versions. You can download the latest instrument software from our homepage. A description of the update procedure is also available in the Internet.

Further setup steps are described in the operating instructions manual "*DTM Collection/PACTware*" attached to each DTM Collection and which can also be downloaded from the Internet. Detailed descriptions are available in the online help of PACTware and the DTMs.

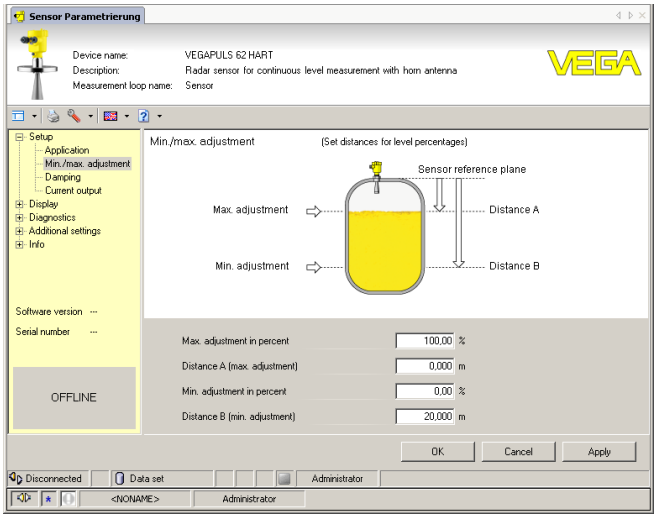


Fig. 32: Example of a DTM view

Standard/Full version

All device DTMs are available as a free-of-charge standard version and as a full version that must be purchased. In the standard version, all functions for complete setup are already included. An assistant for simple project configuration simplifies the adjustment considerably. Saving/printing the project as well as import/export functions are also part of the standard version.

In the full version there is also an extended print function for complete project documentation as well as a save function for measured value and echo curves. In addition, there is a tank calculation program as well as a multiviewer for display and analysis of the saved measured value and echo curves.

The standard version is available as a download under www.vega.com/downloads and "*Software*". The full version is available on CD from the agency serving you.

7.3 Saving the parameterisation data

We recommend documenting or saving the parameterisation data via PACTware. That way the data are available for multiple use or service purposes.

8 Set up with other systems

8.1 DD adjustment programs

Device descriptions as Enhanced Device Description (EDD) are available for DD adjustment programs such as, for example, AMS™ and PDM.

The files can be downloaded at www.vega.com/downloads under "*Software*".

8.2 Field Communicator 375, 475

Device descriptions for the instrument are available as EDD for parameterisation with Field Communicator 375 or 475.

Integrating the EDD into the Field Communicator 375 or 475 requires the "Easy Upgrade Utility" software, which is available from the manufacturer. This software is updated via the Internet and new EDDs are automatically accepted into the device catalogue of this software after they are released by the manufacturer. They can then be transferred to a Field Communicator.

9 Diagnostics and servicing

9.1 Maintenance

Maintenance

If the device is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.

In some applications, product buildup on the diaphragm can influence the measuring result. Depending on the sensor and application, take precautions to ensure that heavy buildup, and especially a hardening thereof, is avoided.

9.2 Diagnosis function

Failure

The following table shows the error codes and text messages of the category "*Failure*" and provides information on causes as well as corrective measures.

Code Text message	Cause	Rectification
F013 No valid measured value available	● Gauge pressure or low pressure ● Measuring cell defective	● Exchange measuring cell ● Send instrument for repair
F017 Adjustment span too small	● Adjustment not within specification	● Change the adjustment according to the limit values
F025 Error in the linearization table	● Index markers are not continuously rising, for example illogical value pairs	● Check linearisation table ● Delete table/Create new
F036 no operable sensor software	● Failed or interrupted software update	● Repeat software update ● Check electronics version ● Exchanging the electronics ● Send instrument for repair
F040 Error in the electronics	● Hardware defect	● Exchanging the electronics ● Send instrument for repair
F041 Communication error	● No connection to the sensor electronics	● Check connection between sensor and main electronics (with separate version)
F080 General software error	● General software error	● Disconnect operating voltage briefly
F105 Measured value is determined	● The instrument is still in the start phase, the measured value could not yet be determined	● Wait for the end of the switch-on phase
F113 Communication error	● Error in the internal instrument communication	● Disconnect operating voltage briefly ● Send instrument for repair
F260 Error in the calibration	● Error in the calibration carried out in the factory ● Error in the EEPROM	● Exchanging the electronics ● Send instrument for repair
F261 Error in the instrument settings	● Error during setup ● Error when carrying out a reset	● Repeat setup ● Repeat reset

Code Text message	Cause	Rectification
F264 Installation/Setup error	● Inconsistent settings (e.g.: distance, adjustment units with application process pressure) for selected application ● Invalid sensor configuration (e.g.: application electronic differential pressure with connected differential pressure measuring cell)	● Modify settings ● Modify connected sensor configuration or application
F265 Measurement function disturbed	● Sensor no longer carries out a measurement	● Carry out a reset ● Disconnect operating voltage briefly

Function check

The following table shows the error codes and text messages of the category "*Function check*" and provides information on causes as well as corrective measures.

Code Text message	Cause	Rectification
C700 Simulation active	● A simulation is active	● Finish simulation ● Wait for the automatic end after 60 mins.

Out of specification

The following table shows the error codes and text messages of the category "*Out of specification*" and provides information on causes as well as corrective measures.

Code Text message	Cause	Rectification
S600 Impermissible electronics temperature	● Temperature of the electronics in the non-specified range	● Check ambient temperature ● Insulate electronics ● Use instrument with higher temperature range
S603 Impermissible operating voltage	● Operating voltage below specified range	● Check electrical connection ● If necessary, increase operating voltage
S605 Impermissible pressure value	● Measured process pressure below or above the adjustment range	● Check nominal measuring range of the instrument ● If necessary, use an instrument with a higher measuring range

Maintenance

The following table shows the error codes and text messages of the category "*Maintenance*" and provides information on causes as well as corrective measures.

Code Text message	Cause	Rectification
M500 Error in the delivery status	● The data could not be restored during the reset to delivery status	● Repeat reset ● Load XML file with sensor data into the sensor

Code Text message	Cause	Rectification
M501 Error in the non-active linearisation table	● Index markers are not continuously rising, for example illogical value pairs	● Check linearisation table ● Delete table/Create new
M502 Error in the event memory	● Hardware error EEPROM	● Exchanging the electronics ● Send instrument for repair
M504 Error at a device interface	● Hardware defect	● Exchanging the electronics ● Send instrument for repair
M507 Error in the instrument settings	● Error during setup ● Error when carrying out a reset	● Carry out reset and repeat setup

9.3 Rectify faults

Reaction when malfunction occurs

The operator of the system is responsible for taking suitable measures to rectify faults.

Procedure for fault rectification

The first measures are:

- Evaluation of fault messages via the adjustment device
- Checking the output signal
- Treatment of measurement errors

Further comprehensive diagnostics options are available with a PC with PACTware and the suitable DTM. In many cases, the reasons can be determined in this way and faults rectified.

Check the 4 … 20 mA signal

Connect a multimeter in the suitable measuring range according to the wiring plan. The following table describes possible errors in the current signal and helps to eliminate them:

Error	Cause	Rectification
4 … 20 mA signal not stable	● Fluctuations of the measured variable	● Set damping appropriate to the instrument via the display and adjustment module or PACTware/DTM
4 … 20 mA signal missing	● Electrical connection faulty	● Check connection according to chapter "*Connection steps*" and if necessary, correct according to chapter "*Wiring plan*"
	● Voltage supply missing	● Check cables for breaks; repair if necessary
	● Operating voltage too low or load resistance too high	● Check, adapt if necessary
Current signal greater than 22 mA or less than 3.6 mA	● Electronics module in the sensor defective	● Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair

Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter "*Setup*" must be carried out again or must be checked for plausibility and completeness.

24 hour service hotline

Should these measures not be successful, please call in urgent cases the VEGA service hotline under the phone no. **+49 1805 858550**.

The hotline is also available outside normal working hours, seven days a week around the clock.

Since we offer this service worldwide, the support is provided in English. The service itself is free of charge, the only costs involved are the normal call charges.

9.4 Exchange process module on version IP 68 (25 bar)

On version IP 68 (25 bar), the user can exchange the process module on site. Connection cable and external housing can be kept.

Required tools:

- Hexagon key wrench, size 2

Caution:
The exchange may only be carried out in the complete absence of line voltage.

In Ex applications, only a replacement part with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

Caution:
During exchange, protect the inner side of the parts against contamination and moisture.

Proceed as follows when carrying out the exchange:

1. Losen the fixing screw with the hexagon key wrench
2. Carefully detach the cable assembly from the process module

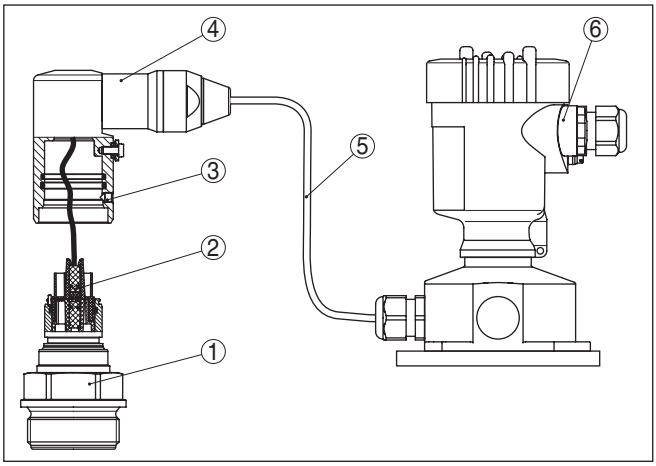


Fig. 33: VEGABAR 83 in IP 68 version, 25 bar and lateral cable outlet, external housing

1 Process module
2 Plug connector
3 Fixing screw
4 Cable assembly
5 Connection cable
6 External housing

3. Loosen the plug connector
4. Mount the new process module on the measuring point
5. Plug the connector back in
6. Mount the cable assembly on the process module and turn it to the desired position
7. Tighten the fixing screw with the hexagon key wrench

The exchange is finished.

If there is no replacement part available on site, one can be ordered from the agency serving you.

The necessary serial number can be found on the type label of the instrument or on the delivery note.

9.5 Exchanging the electronics module

In case of a defect, the user can replace the electronics module with another one of identical type.

In Ex applications, only instruments and electronics modules with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

You can find detailed information you need to carry out an electronics exchange in the handbook of the electronics module.

9.6 Software update

The following components are required to update the instrument software:

- Instrument
- Voltage supply
- Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- PC with PACTware
- Current instrument software as file

You can find the current instrument software as well as detailed information on the procedure in the download area of our homepage: www.vega.com.

Caution:
Instruments with approvals can be bound to certain software versions. Therefore make sure that the approval is still effective after a software update is carried out.

You can find detailed information in the download area at www.vega.com.

9.7 How to proceed if a repair is necessary

You can find an instrument return form as well as detailed information about the procedure in the download area of our homepage: www.vega.com.

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Please contact the agency serving you to get the address for the return shipment. You can find the agency on our home page www.vega.com.

10 Dismount

10.1 Dismounting steps

Warning:
Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel or pipeline, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic products etc.

Take note of chapters "*Mounting*" and "*Connecting to power supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

10.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronics to be easily separable.

Correct disposal avoids negative effects on humans and the environment and ensures recycling of useful raw materials.

Materials: see chapter "*Technical data*"

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.

WEEE directive 2012/19/EU
This instrument is not subject to the WEEE directive 2012/19/EU and the respective national laws. Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points. These may be used only for privately used products according to the WEEE directive.

11 Supplement

11.1 Technical data

Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

Materials and weights	
Materials, wetted (piezoresistive/strain gauge measuring cell)	
Process fitting	316L
Diaphragm standard	316L
Diaphragm from measuring range 100 bar	316L, Elgiloy (2.4711)
Seal ring, O-ring	FKM (VP2/A), EPDM (A+P 75.5/KW75F), FFKM (Perlast G75S), FEPM (Fluoraz SD890)
Seal for process fitting (in the scope of delivery)	
– Thread G½, ISO 228-1	FKM, FFKM, EPDM
– Thread G1, ISO 228-1	FKM, FFKM, EPDM
Materials, wetted (ceramic/metallic measuring cell)	
Process fitting	316L
Diaphragm	Alloy C276 (2.4819), gold-coated 20 µ, gold/rhodium-coated 5 µ/1 µ[3]
Seal for process fitting (in the scope of delivery)	
– Thread G1½, DIN 3852-A	Klingersil C-4400
– M44 x 1.25; DIN 13	FKM, FFKM, EPDM
Materials for applications in foodstuffs	
Surface quality, hygienic process fittings, typ.	R_a < 0.8 µm
Seal below wall mounting plate with 3A approval	EPDM
Materials, non-wetted parts	
Type label support on connection cable	PE hard
Isolating liquid ceramic/metallic measuring cell	KN 92 medical white oil (FDA conform)
Internal transmission liquid piezoresistive measuring cell	Synthetic oil KN 77, Neobee M 20 KN 59 (FDA conform), Halocarbon oil 6.3 KN 21[4)5)]
Housing	
– Plastic housing	Plastic PBT (Polyester)

[3] Not on instruments with SIL qualification.

[4] Transmission liquid with measuring ranges up to 40 bar. With measuring ranges from 100 bar dry measuring cell.

[5] Halocarbon oil: Generally in oxygen applications, not with vacuum measuring ranges, not with absolute measuring ranges < 1 bar_{abs}.

– Aluminium die-cast housing	Aluminium die-casting AlSi10Mg, powder-coated - basis: Polyester
– Stainless steel housing	316L
– Cable gland	PA, stainless steel, brass
– Sealing, cable gland	NBR
– Blind plug, cable gland	PA
– Seal between housing and housing lid	Silicone SI 850 R, NBR silicone-free
– Inspection window in housing cover	Polycarbonate, UL746-C listed (with Ex-d version: glass)
– Ground terminal	316L
External housing	
– Housing	Plastic PBT (Polyester), 316L
– Socket, wall mounting plate	Plastic PBT (Polyester), 316L
– Seal between base and wall mounting plate	EPDM (fixed connected)
Seal between housing and housing lid	Silicone SI 850 R, NBR silicone-free
Inspection window in housing cover	Polycarbonate, UL746-C listed (with Ex-d version: glass)
Ground terminal	316Ti/316L
Connection cable with IP 68 (25 bar) version[6]	
– Cable cover	PE, PUR
– Type label support on cable	PE hard
Connection cable with IP 68 (1 bar) version[7]	PE, PUR

Weights

Total weight VEGABAR 83 approx.	0.8 … 8 kg (1.764 … 17.64 lbs), depending on process fitting and housing

Torques

Max. torque, metric process fittings	
– G¼, G½	50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)
– G½ front-flush, G1 front-flush	40 Nm (29.50 lbf ft)
– G1½ front-flush (piezoresistive measuring cell)	40 Nm (29.50 lbf ft)
– G1½ front-flush (ceramic/metallic measuring cell)	200 Nm (147.5 lbf ft)
Max. torque, non-metric process fittings	
– ½ NPT inside, ¼ NPT, ≤ 40 bar/500 psig	50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)
– ½ NPT inside, ¼ NPT, > 40 bar/500 psig	200 Nm (147.5 lbf ft)
– 7/16 NPT for tube ¼"	40 Nm (29.50 lbf ft)
– 9/16 NPT for tube 3/8"	50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)

[6] Between transmitter and external electronics housing.
[7] Fix connected to the sensor.

Max. torque for NPT cable glands and Conduit tubes

- Plastic housing 10 Nm (7.376 lbf ft)
- Aluminium/Stainless steel housing 50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)

Input variable - Piezoresistive/Strain gauge measuring cell

The specifications are only an overview and refer to the measuring cell. Limitations due to the material and version of the process fitting as well as the selected pressure type are possible. The specifications on the nameplate apply.

Nominal measuring ranges and overload capability in bar/kPa

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pressure
Gauge pressure		
0 … +0.4 bar/0 … +40 kPa	+1.2 bar/+120 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +1 bar/0 … +100 kPa	+3 bar/+300 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +2.5 bar/0 … +250 kPa	+7.5 bar/+750 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +10 bar/0 … +1000 kPa	+30 bar/+3000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +25 bar/0 … +2500 kPa	+75 bar/+7500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +40 bar/0 … +4000 kPa	+120 bar/+12 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +100 bar/0 … +10 MPa	+200 bar/+20 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +250 bar/0 … +25 MPa	+500 bar/+50 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +600 bar/0 … +60 MPa	+1200 bar/+120 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +1000 bar/0 … +100 MPa	+1500 bar/+150 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 … 0 bar/-100 … 0 kPa	+3 bar/+300 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 … +1.5 bar/-100 … +150 kPa	+7.5 bar/+750 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 … +10 bar/-100 … +1000 kPa	+30 bar/+3000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 … +25 bar/-100 … +2500 kPa	+75 bar/+7500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 … +40 bar/-100 … +4000 kPa	+120 bar/+12 MPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-0.2 … +0.2 bar/-20 … +20 kPa	+1.2 bar/+120 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-0.5 … +0.5 bar/-50 … +50 kPa	+3 bar/+300 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
Absolute pressure		
0 … 1 bar/0 … 100 kPa	3 bar/300 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 … 2.5 bar/0 … 250 kPa	7.5 bar/750 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 … 10 bar/0 … 1000 kPa	30 bar/3000 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 … 25 bar/0 … 2500 kPa	75 bar/+7500 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 … 40 bar/0 … 4000 kPa	120 bar/+12 MPa	0 bar abs.

Nominal measuring ranges and overload capacity in psi

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pressure
Gauge pressure		

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pressure
0 … +5 psig	+15 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +15 psig	+45 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +30 psig	+90 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +150 psig	+450 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +300 psig	+600 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +500 psig	+1000 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +1500 psig	+3000 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +3000 psig	+6000 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +9000 psig	+18000 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +15000 psig	+30000 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … 0 psig	+45 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … +20 psig	+90 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … +150 psig	+450 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … +300 psig	+600 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … +600 psig	+1200 psig	-14.5 psig
-3 … +3 psig	+15 psig	-14.5 psig
-7 … +7 psig	+45 psig	-14.5 psig
Absolute pressure		
0 … +15 psi	+45 psig	0 psi
0 … +30 psi	+90 psig	0 psi
0 … +150 psi	+450 psig	0 psi
0 … +300 psi	+600 psig	0 psi
0 … +500 psig	+1000 psig	0 psi

Input variable - Ceramic/metallic measuring cell

The specifications are only an overview and refer to the measuring cell. Limitations due to the material and version of the process fitting are possible. The specifications on the nameplate apply.

Nominal measuring ranges and overload capability in bar/kPa

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pressure
Gauge pressure		
0 … +0.1 bar/0 … +10 kPa	+15 bar/+1500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +0.4 bar/0 … +40 kPa	+30 bar/+3000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +1 bar/0 … +100 kPa	+35 bar/+3500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +2.5 bar/0 … +250 kPa	+50 bar/+5000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +10 bar/0 … +1000 kPa	+50 bar/+5000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
0 … +25 bar/0 … +2500 kPa	+50 bar/+5000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 … 0 bar/-100 … 0 kPa	+35 bar/+3500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pressure
-1 … +1.5 bar/-100 … +150 kPa	+50 bar/+5000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 … +10 bar/-100 … +1000 kPa	+50 bar/+5000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-1 … +25 bar/-100 … +2500 kPa	+50 bar/+5000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-0.05 … +0.05 bar/-5 … +5 kPa	+15 bar/+1500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-0.2 … +0.2 bar/-20 … +20 kPa	+30 bar/+3000 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
-0.5 … +0.5 bar/-50 … +50 kPa	+35 bar/+3500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa
Absolute pressure		
0 … 1 bar/0 … 100 kPa	35 bar/3500 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 … 2.5 bar/0 … 250 kPa	50 bar/5000 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 … 10 bar/0 … 1000 kPa	50 bar/5000 kPa	0 bar abs.
0 … 25 bar/0 … 2500 kPa	50 bar/5000 kPa	0 bar abs.

Nominal measuring ranges and overload capacity in psi

Nominal range	Overload capacity, max. pressure	Overload capacity, min. pressure
Gauge pressure		
0 … +0.15 psig	+225 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +5 psig	+375 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +15 psig	+525 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +30 psig	+600 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +150 psig	+1350 psig	-14.5 psig
0 … +300 psig	+1500 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … 0 psig	+500 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … +20 psig	+580 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … +150 psig	+1480 psig	-14.5 psig
-14.5 … +300 psig	+1575 psig	-14.5 psig
-0.7 … +0.7 psig	+225 psig	-14.5 psig
-3 … +3 psig	+290 psi	-14.5 psig
-7 … +7 psig	+510 psig	-14.5 psig
Absolute pressure		
0 … 15 psi	510 psi	0 psi
0 … 30 psi	725 psi	0 psi
0 … 150 psi	1300 psi	0 psi
0 … 300 psi	1900 psi	0 psi

Adjustment ranges

Specifications refer to the nominal measuring range, pressure values lower than -1 bar cannot be set

Min./Max. adjustment:	
– Percentage value	-10 … 110 %
– Pressure value	-20 … 120 %
Zero/Span adjustment:	
– Zero	-20 … +95 %
– Span	-120 … +120 %
– Difference between zero and span	max. 120 % of the nominal range
Max. permissible Turn Down	Unlimited (recommended 20 : 1)

Switch-on phase

Run-up time	approx. ≤ 5 s
Starting current	
– for 5 ms after switching on	≤ 10 mA
– for run-up time	≤ 3.6 mA

Output variable

Output signal	4 … 20 mA
Range of the output signal	3.8 … 20.5 mA (default setting)
Signal resolution	0.3 µA
Fault signal, current output (adjustable)	Last valid measured value, ≥ 21 mA, ≤ 3.6 mA
Max. output current	21.5 mA
Load	See load resistance under Power supply
Damping (63 % of the input variable), adjustable	0 … 999 s
Indication value - Display and adjustment module[8)]	
– Displayed value 1	Pressure in bar/mbar
– Displayed value 2	Pressure in bar/mbar

Output variable - Additional current output

For details on the operating voltage see chapter "Voltage supply"	
Output signal	4 … 20 mA (passive)
Range of the output signal	3.8 … 20.5 mA (default setting)
Signal resolution	0.3 µA
Fault signal, current output (adjustable)	Last valid measured value, ≥ 21 mA, ≤ 3.6 mA
Max. output current	21.5 mA
Starting current	≤ 10 mA for 5 ms after switching on, ≤ 3.6 mA
Load	Load resistor, see chapter "Voltage supply"
Damping (63 % of the input variable), adjustable	0 … 999 s

8) The indication values can be assigned individually.

Dynamic behaviour output

Dynamic characteristics depending on medium and temperature

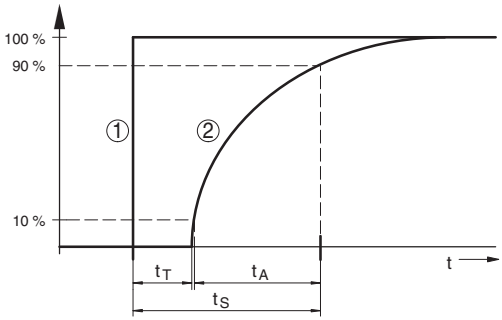


Fig. 34: Behaviour in case of sudden change of the process variable. t_T: dead time; t_A: rise time; t_S: jump response time

1 Process variable
2 Output signal

	VEGABAR 83	VEGABAR 83 - IP 68 (25 bar)
Dead time	≤ 25 ms	≤ 50 ms
Rise time (10 … 90 %)	≤ 55 ms	≤ 150 ms
Step response time (ti: 0 s, 10 … 90 %)	≤ 80 ms	≤ 200 ms

Damping (63 % of the input variable) 0 … 999 s, adjustable via menu item "*Damping*"

Reference conditions and influencing variables (according to DIN EN 60770-1)

Reference conditions according to DIN EN 61298-1

- Temperature +18 … +30 °C (+64 … +86 °F)
- Relative humidity 45 … 75 %
- Air pressure 860 … 1060 mbar/86 … 106 kPa (12.5 … 15.4 psi)

Determination of characteristics: Limit point adjustment according to IEC 61298-2

Characteristic curve: Linear

Reference installation position: upright, diaphragm points downward

Influence of the installation position

- Piezoresistive/strain gauge measuring cell: depending on the process fitting and the chemical seal
- Ceramic/metallic measuring cell: < 5 mbar/0.5 kPa (0.07 psig)

Deviation in the current output due to strong, high-frequency electromagnetic fields acc. to EN 61326: < ±150 µA

Deviation (according to IEC 60770)

Applies to the **digital** signal output (HART, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus) as well as to the **analogue** current output 4 … 20 mA and refers to the set span. Turn down (TD) is the ratio "nominal measuring range/set span".

The deviation corresponds to the value F_{KI} in chapter "*Calculation of the total deviation*". The value results out of the accuracy class and the respective turn down.

Accuracy class[9]	Non-linearity, hysteresis and repeatability with TD 1 : 1 up to 5 : 1	Non-linearity, hysteresis and repeatability with 5 : 1
0.075 %	< 0.075 %	< 0.015 % x TD
0.1 %	< 0.1 %	< 0.02 % x TD
0.2 %	< 0.2 %	< 0.04 % x TD

Influence of the medium or ambient temperature

Thermal change zero signal and output span through product temperature

Applies to the **digital** signal output (HART, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus) as well as to the **analogue** current output 4 … 20 mA and refers to the set span. Turn down (TD) is the ratio "nominal measuring range/set span".

The thermal change of the zero signal and output span corresponds to the value F_T in chapter "*Calculation of the total deviation (according to DIN 16086)*".

Piezoresistive/strain gauge measuring cell

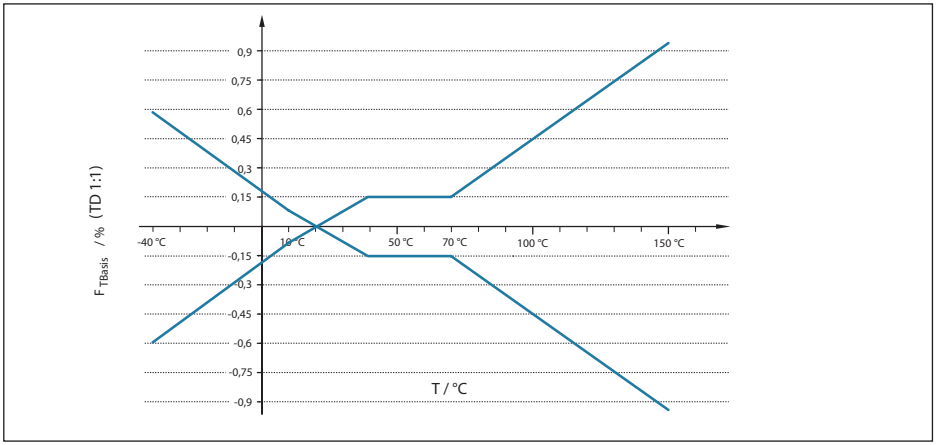


Fig. 35: Basic temperature error F_{TBasis} at TD 1 : 1

The basic temperature error in % from the above graphic can increase due to the additional factors such as accuracy class (factor FMZ) and Turn Down (factor FTD). The additional factors are listed in the following tables.

[9] Different availability depending on measuring range and process fitting

Additional factor through accuracy class

Accuracy class	In the compensated temperature range of 10 … +70 °C	
	0.075 %, 0.1 %	0.2 %
Factor FMZ	1	3

Additional factor through Turn Down

The additional factor FTD through Turn down is calculated according to the following formula:

$F_{TD} = 0.5 \times TD + 0.5$

In the table, example values for typical Turn downs are listed.

Turn Down	TD 1 : 1	TD 2.5 : 1	TD 5 : 1	TD 10 : 1	TD 20 : 1
Factor FTD	1	1.75	3	5.5	10.5

Ceramic/metallic measuring cell

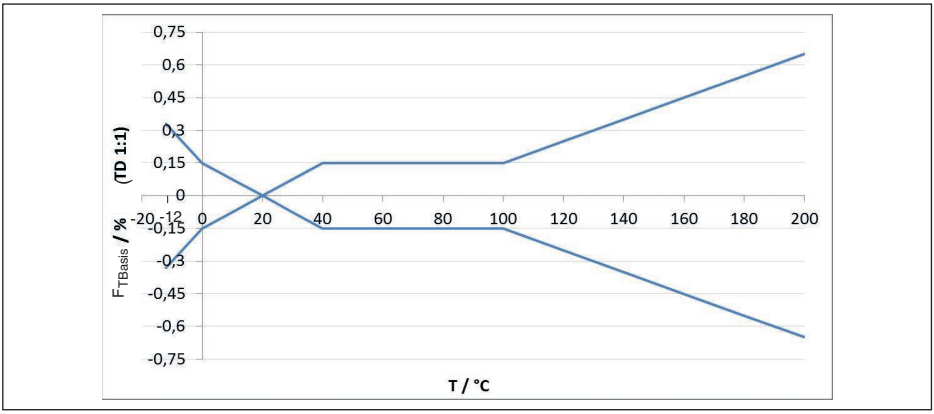


Fig. 36: Basic temperature error F_{TBasis} at TD 1 : 1

The basic temperature error in % from the above graphic can increase due to the additional factors, depending on the measuring cell version (factor FMZ) and the Turn Down (factor FTD). The additional factors are listed in the following tables.

Additional factor through measuring cell version

Measuring cell version	Measuring cell - Standard		Measuring cell climate-compensated, depending on measuring range		
	0.075 %, 0.1 %	0.2 %	10 bar, 25 bar	1 bar, 2.5 bar	0.4 bar
Factor FMZ	1	3	1	2	3

Additional factor through Turn Down

The additional factor FTD through Turn down is calculated according to the following formula:

$F_{TD} = 0.5 \times TD + 0.5$

In the table, example values for typical Turn downs are listed.

Turn Down	TD : 1	TD 2.5 : 1	TD 5 : 1	TD 10 : 1	TD 20 : 1
Factor FTD	1	1.75	3	5.5	10.5

Thermal change current output through ambient temperature

Applies also to the **analogue** 4 … 20 mA current output and refers to the set span.

Thermal change, current output < 0.05 %/10 K, max. < 0.15 %, each with -40 … +80 °C (-40 … +176 °F)

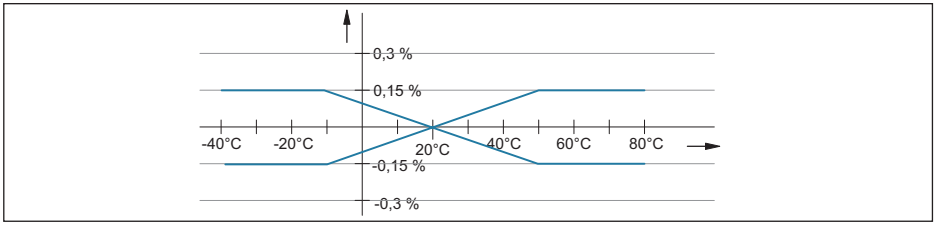


Fig. 37: Thermal change, current output

Long-term stability (according to DIN 16086)

Applies to the respective **digital** signal output (e.g. HART, Profibus PA) as well as to **analogue** current output 4 … 20 mA under reference conditions. Specifications refer to the set span. Turn down (TD) is the ratio nominal measuring range/set span.[10)]

Long-term staibility - Ceramic/metallic measuring cell

Time period	
One year	< 0.05 % x TD
Five years	< 0.1 % x TD
Ten years	< 0.2 % x TD

Long-term stability - Piezoresistive/Strain gauge measuring cell

Version	
Measuring ranges > 1 bar	< 0.1 % x TD/year
Measuring ranges > 1 bar, isolating liquid, synthetic oil, diaphragm Elgiloy (2.4711)	< 0.15 % x TD/year
Measuring range 1 bar	< 0.15 % x TD/year
Measuring range 0.4 bar	< 0.35 % x TD/year

Ambient conditions

Version	Ambient temperature	Storage and transport temperature
Standard version	-40 … +80 °C (-40 … +176 °F)	-60 … +80 °C (-76 … +176 °F)
Version IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar)	-20 … +80 °C (-4 … +176 °F)	-20 … +80 °C (-4 … +176 °F)

10) With ceramic/metallic measuring cell with gold-coated diaphragm, the values must be multiplied with factor 3.

Version	Ambient temperature	Storage and transport temperature
Version IP 68 (25 bar) with connection cable PUR	-20 … +80 °C (-4 … +176 °F)	-20 … +80 °C (-4 … +176 °F)
Version IP 68 (25 bar), connection cable PE	-20 … +60 °C (-4 … +140 °F)	-20 … +60 °C (-4 … +140 °F)

Process conditions - Piezoresistive/Strain gauge measuring cell

Process temperature

Seal	Sensor version		
	Standard	Extended temperature range[11)]	Version for oxygen applications
Without sealing (with process fitting according to EN 837)	-20 … +105 °C (-4 … +221 °F)	–	-20 … +60 °C (-4 … +140 °F)
FKM (VP2/A)	-20 … +105 °C (-4 … +221 °F)	-20 … +150 °C (-4 … +302 °F)	-20 … +60 °C (+4 … +140 °F)
EPDM(A+P 75,5/KW75F)	-20 … +105 °C (-4 … +221 °F)	-20 … +150 °C (-4 … +302 °F)	-20 … +60 °C (-4 … +140 °F)
FFKM (Perlast G75S)	-15 … +105 °C (+5 … +221 °F	-15 … +150 °C (+5 … +302 °F)	-15 … +60 °C (+5 … +140 °F)
FEPM (Fluoraz SD890)	-5 … +105 °C (+23 … +221 °F)	–	-5 … +60 °C (+23 … +140 °F)

Temperature derating

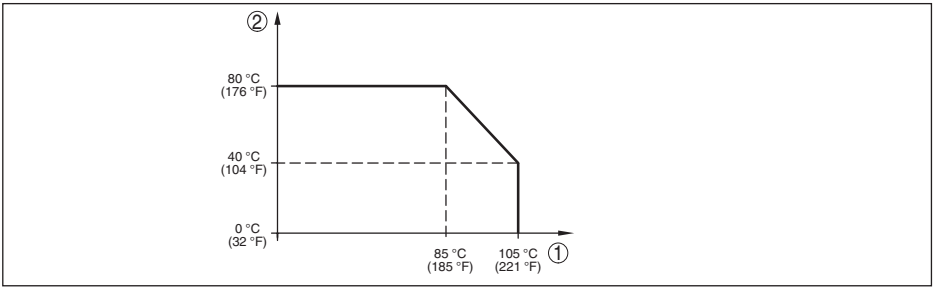


Fig. 38: Temperature derating VEGABAR 83, version up to +105 °C (+221 °F)

1 Process temperature
2 Ambient temperature

[11)] Not with measuring ranges ≥100 bar in conjunction with flange 2500 lbs.

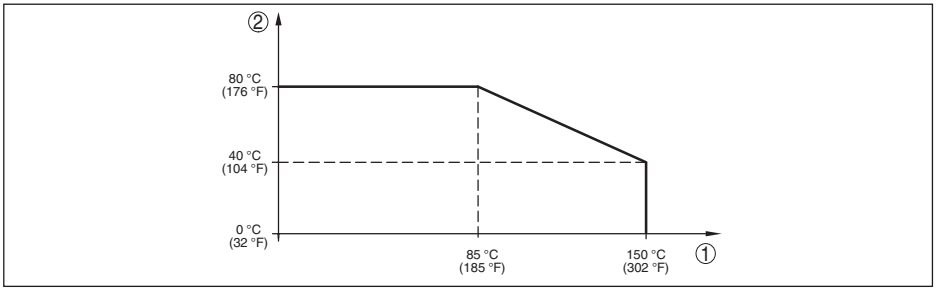


Fig. 39: Temperature derating VEGABAR 83, version up to +150 °C (+302 °F)

1 Process temperature
2 Ambient temperature

SIP process temperature (SIP = Sterilization in place)

Vapour stratification for 2 h[12)] +150 °C (+302 °F)

Process pressure

Permissible process pressure See specification "*Process pressure*" on the type label

Mechanical stress

Version	Without cooling zone		With cooling zone	
	All housing versions	**Double chamber stainless steel housing**	**All housing versions**	**Double chamber stainless steel housing**
Vibration resistance 1 to 4 g at 5 … 200 Hz according to EN 60068-2-6 (vibration with resonance)	4 g (GL characteristics 2)	0.7 g (GL characteristics 1)	4 g (GL characteristics 2)	0.7 g (GL characteristics 1)
Shock resistance 2.3 ms according to EN 60068-2-27 (mechanical shock)	50 g		50 g	20 g

Process conditions - Ceramic/metallic measuring cell

Process temperature

Version	Temperature range
Standard	-12 … +150 °C (+10 … +284 °F)
High temperature	-12 … +180 °C (+10 … +356 °F)
High temperature, heat shield	-12 … +200 °C (+10 … +392 °F)

Temperature derating

12) Instrument configuration suitable for vapour

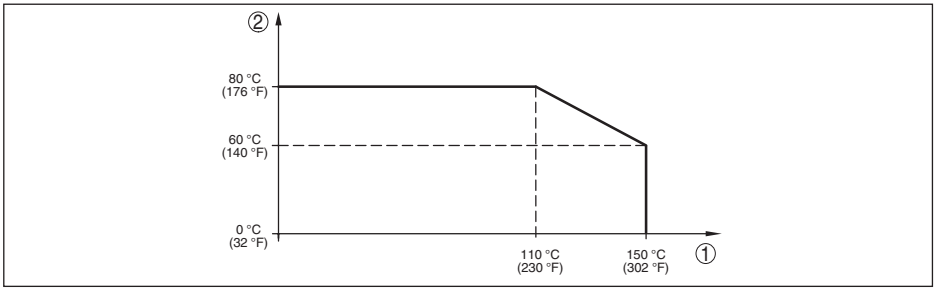


Fig. 40: Temperature derating VEGABAR 83, version up to +150 °C (+302 °F)

1 Process temperature
2 Ambient temperature

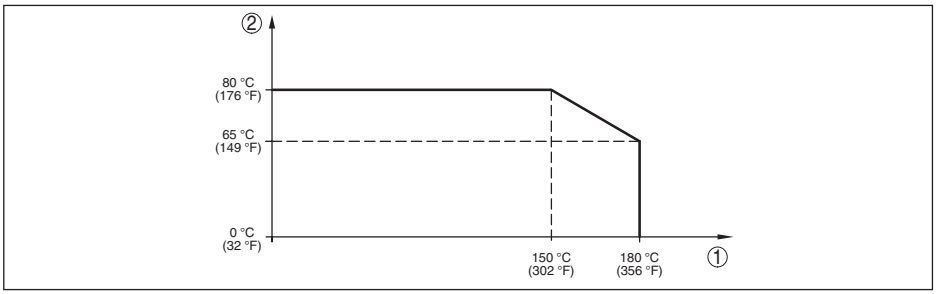


Fig. 41: Temperature derating VEGABAR 83, version up to +180 °C (+356 °F)

1 Process temperature
2 Ambient temperature

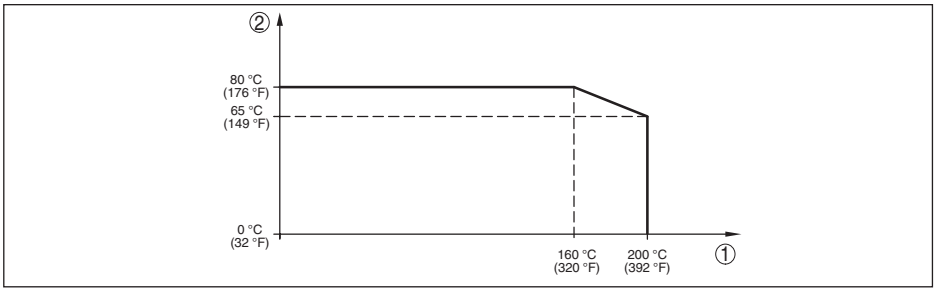


Fig. 42: Temperature derating VEGABAR 83, version up to +200 °C (+392 °F)

1 Process temperature
2 Ambient temperature

Process pressure

Permissible process pressure	See specification "*Process pressure*" on the type label

Mechanical stress[13)]

[13)] Depending on the instrument version.

Vibration resistance 1 to 4 g at 5 … 200 Hz according to EN 60068-2-6 (vibration with resonance)	4 g
Shock resistance	50 g, 2,3 ms according to EN 60068-2-27 (mechanical shock)[14]

Electromechanical data - version IP 66/IP 67 and IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar)[15]

Options of the cable entry

– Cable entry	M20 x 1.5, ½ NPT
– Cable gland	M20 x 1.5, ½ NPT (cable ø see below table)
– Blind plug	M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT
– Closing cap	½ NPT

Material cable gland/ Seal insert	Cable diameter			
	5 … 9 mm	6 … 12 mm	7 … 12 mm	10 … 14 mm
PA/NBR	●	●	–	●
Brass, nickel-plated/ NBR	●	●	–	–
Stainless steel/NBR	–	–	●	–

Wire cross-section (spring-loaded terminals)

– Massive wire, stranded wire	0.2 … 2.5 mm² (AWG 24 … 14)
– Stranded wire with end sleeve	0.2 … 1.5 mm² (AWG 24 … 16)

Electromechanical data - version IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar)

Connection cable, mechanical data

– Configuration	Wires, breather capillaries, strain relief, screen braiding, metal foil, mantle
– Standard length	5 m (16.4 ft)
– Min. bending radius	25 mm (0.984 in) with 25 °C (77 °F)
– Diameter	approx. 8 mm (0.315 in)
– Colour - version PE	Black
– Colour - version PUR	Blue

Connection cable, electrical data

– Wire cross-section	0.5 mm² (AWG 20)
– Wire resistance R'	0.037 Ω/m (0.012 Ω/ft)

Electromechanical data - version IP 68 (25 bar)

Connection cable transmitter - external housing, mechanical data

– Configuration	Wires, strain relief, breather capillaries, screen braiding, metal foil, mantle[16]

[14] 2 g with housing version stainless steel double chamber
[15] IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar), only with absolute pressure.
[16] Breather capillaries not with Ex-d version.

– Standard length	5 m (16.40 ft)
– Max. length	180 m (590.5 ft)
– Min. bending radius at 25 °C/77 °F	25 mm (0.985 in)
– Diameter	approx. 8 mm (0.315 in)
– Colour PE	Black
– Colour PUR	Blue
Connection cable transmitter - external housing, electrical data	
– Wire cross-section	0.5 mm² (AWG 20)
– Wire resistance R'	0.037 Ω/m (0.012 Ω/ft)

Display and adjustment module	
Display element	Display with backlight
Measured value indication	
– Number of digits	5
– Size of digits	W x H = 7 x 13 mm
Adjustment elements	
– 4 keys	***[OK]***, ***[->]***, ***[+]***, ***[ESC]***
– Switch	Bluetooth On/Off
Bluetooth interface	
– Standard	Bluetooth smart
– Effective range	25 m (82.02 ft)
Protection rating	
– unassembled	IP 20
– mounted in the housing without lid	IP 40
Materials	
– Housing	ABS
– Inspection window	Polyester foil
Functional safety	SIL non-reactive

Additional output parameter - Electronics temperature	
Output of the values	
– Indication	Via the display and adjustment module
– Analogue	Via the current output
– Digital	Via the digital output signal (depending on the electronics version)
Range	-40 … +85 °C (-40 … +185 °F)
Resolution	< 0.1 K
Accuracy	±3 K

Voltage supply	
Operating voltage U_B	
– Non-Ex instrument	9.6 … 35 V DC

– Ex-d instrument	9.6 … 35 V DC
– Ex ia instrument	9.6 … 30 V DC
Operating voltage U_B - illuminated display and adjustment module	
– Non-Ex instrument	16 … 35 V DC
– Ex ia instrument	16 … 30 V DC
Reverse voltage protection	Integrated
Permissible residual ripple - Non-Ex, Ex-ia instrument	
– for U_N 12 V DC (9.6 V< U_B < 14 V)	≤ 0.7 V_{eff} (16 … 400 Hz)
– for U_N 24 V DC (18 V< U_B < 35 V)	≤ 1.0 V_{eff} (16 … 400 Hz)
Load resistor	
– Calculation	$(U_B - U_{min})/0.022$ A
– Example - Non-Ex instrument with U_B= 24 V DC	(24 V - 9.6 V)/0.022 A = 655 Ω

Potential connections and electrical separating measures in the instrument

Electronics	Not non-floating
Ground terminal	Galvanically connected with the metal process fitting
Galvanic separation between electronics and metal housing parts	
– Reference voltage	500 V AC

Electrical protective measures[17)]

Housing material	Version	Protection acc. to IEC 60529	Protection acc. to NEMA
Plastic	Single chamber	IP 66/IP 67	Type 6P
Aluminium	Single chamber	IP 66/IP 67 IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P Type 6P
Stainless steel (electro-polished)	Single chamber Single chamber	IP 66/IP 67 IP 69K	Type 6P -
Stainless steel (precision casting)	Single chamber	IP 66/IP 67 IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P Type 6P
Stainless steel	Transmitter for external housing	IP 68 (25 bar)	-

Altitude above sea level	
– by default	up to 2000 m (6562 ft)
– with connected overvoltage protection on the master sensor	up to 5000 m (16404 ft)
Pollution degree[18)]	4
Protection rating (IEC 61010-1)	II

[17)] Protection rating IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar) only in conjunction with absolute pressure.
[18)] When used with fulfilled housing protection.

Approvals

Instruments with approvals can have different technical specifications depending on the version.

For that reason the associated approval documents of these instruments have to be carefully noted. They are part of the delivery or can be downloaded under www.vega.com, "*Instrument search (serial number)*" as well as in the download area.

11.2 Calculation of the total deviation

The total deviation of a pressure transmitter indicates the maximum measurement error to be expected in practice. It is also called maximum practical deviation or operational error.

According to DIN 16086, the total deviation F_{total} is the sum of the basic accuracy F_{perf} and the long-term stability F_{stab}:

$F_{total} = F_{perf} + F_{stab}$

The basic accuracy F_{perf} consists of the thermal change of the zero signal and the output span F_T as well as the deviation F_{KI}:

$F_{perf} = \sqrt{((F_T)^2 + (F_{KI})^2)}$

The thermal change of zero signal and output span F_T is specified in chapter "*Technical data*". The basic temperature error F_T is shown in a graphic. Depending on the measuring cell version and Turn down, this value must be multiplied with the additional factors FMZ and FTD:

F_T x FMZ x FTD

Also these values are specified in chapter "*Technical data*".

This applies for a digital signal output through HART, Profibus PA or Foundation Fieldbus.

With a 4 … 20 mA output, the thermal change of the current output F_a must be added:

$F_{perf} = \sqrt{((F_T)^2 + (F_{KI})^2 + (F_a)^2)}$

To provide a better overview, the formula symbols are listed together below:

- F_{total}: Total deviation
- F_{perf}: Basic accuracy
- F_{stab}: Long-term stability
- F_T: Thermal change of zero signal and output span (temperature error)
- F_{KI}: Deviation
- F_a: Thermal change of the current output
- FMZ: Additional factor measuring cell version
- FTD: Additional factor Turn down

11.3 Calculation of the total deviation - Practical example

Data

Pressure measurement in the pipeline 4 bar (400 KPa), product temperature 40 °C

VEGABAR 83 with measuring range 10 bar, deviation < 0.1 %, process fitting G1 (piezoresistive measuring cell)

The required values for the temperature error F_T, deviation F_{KI} and long-term stability F_{stab} are available in the technical data.

1. Calculation of the Turn down

TD = 10 bar/4 bar, TD = 2.5 : 1

2. Determination temperature error F_T

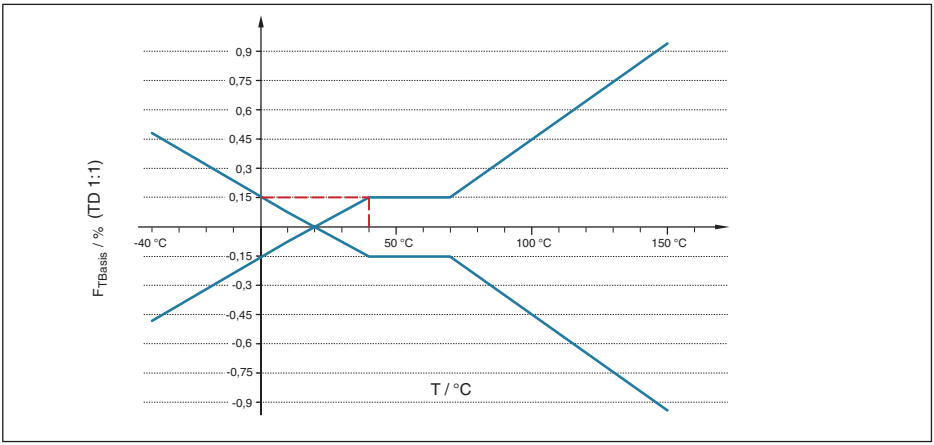


Fig. 43: Determination of the basic temperature error for the above example: F_{TBasis} = 0.15 %

Accuracy class	In the compensated temperature range of 10 … +70 °C	
	0.075 %, 0.1 %	0.2 %
Factor FMZ	1	3

Tab. 28: Determination of the additional factor measuring cell for above example: F_{MZ} = 1

Turn Down	TD 1 : 1	TD 2.5 : 1	TD 5 : 1	TD 10 : 1	TD 20 : 1
Factor FTD	1	1.75	3	5.5	10.5

Tab. 29: Determination of the additional factor "turn down" for the above example: F_{TD} = 1.75

$F_T = F_{TBasis} \times F_{MZ} \times F_{TD}$

$F_T = 0.15\ \% \times 1 \times 1.75$

$F_T = 0.26\ \%$

3. Determination of deviation and long-term stability

Accuracy class	Non-linearity, hysteresis and non-repeatability	
	TD ≤ 5 : 1	TD > 5 : 1
0.075 %	< 0.075 %	< 0.015 % x TD
0.1 %	< 0.1 %	< 0.02 % x TD
0.2 %	< 0.2 %	< 0.04 % x TD

Tab. 30: Determination of the deviation from table: F_{KI} = 0.1 %

Version	
Measuring ranges > 1 bar	< 0.1 % x TD/year
Measuring ranges > 1 bar, isolating liquid, synthetic oil, diaphragm Elgiloy (2.4711)	< 0.15 % x TD/year
Measuring range 1 bar	< 0.15 % x TD/year

Version	
Measuring range 0.4 bar	< 0.35 % x TD/year

4. Calculation of the total deviation - 4 … 20 mA signal

- 1. step: Basic accuracy F_{perf}

$F_{perf} = \sqrt{((F_T)^2 + (F_{KI})^2 + (F_a)^2)}$

$F_T = 0.26\ \%$

$F_{KI} = 0.1\ \%$

$F_a = 0.15\ \%$

$F_{perf} = \sqrt{(0.26\ \%)^2)^2 + (0.1\ \%)^2) + (0.15\ \%)^2)}$

$F_{perf} = 0.32\ \%$

- 2. step: Total deviation F_{total}

$F_{total} = F_{perf} + F_{stab}$

$F_{stab} = (0.05\ \%\ x\ TD)$

$F_{stab} = (0.1\ \%\ x\ 2.5)$

$F_{stab} = 0.25\ \%$

$F_{total} = 0.32\ \% + 0.25\ \% = 0.57\ \%$

The total deviation of the measurement is hence 0.57 %.

Deviation in bar: 0.57 % of 4 bar = 22.8 mbar

The example shows that the measurement error in practice can be considerably higher than the basic accuracy. Reasons are temperature influence and Turn down.

11.4 Dimensions

The following dimensional drawings represent only an extract of the possible versions. Detailed dimensional drawings can be downloaded at www.vega.com under "*Downloads*" and "*Drawings*".

Housing

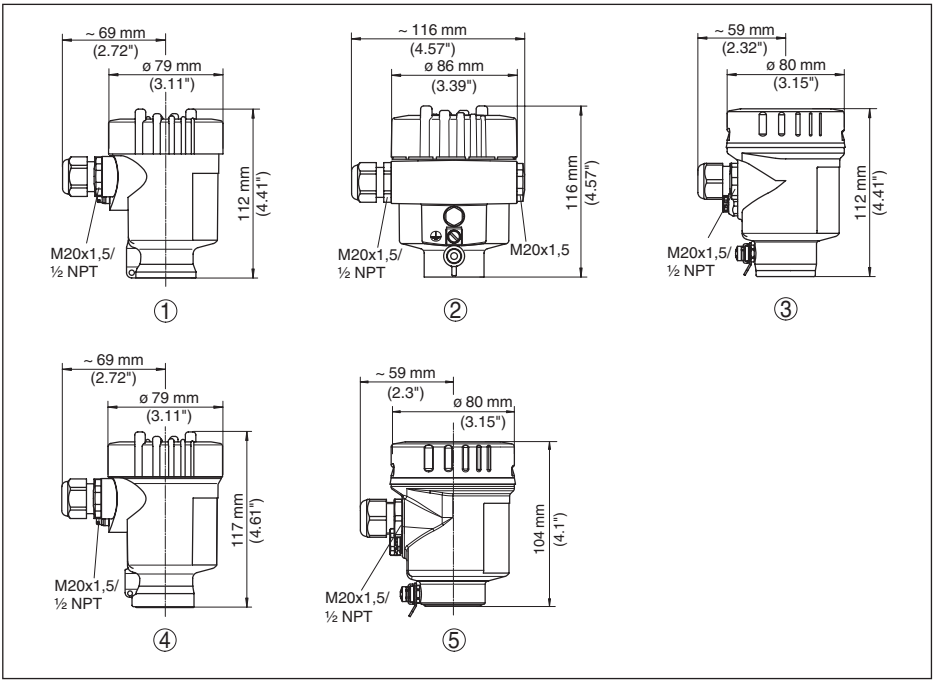


Fig. 44: Housing versions in protection IP 66/IP 67 and IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar)

1 *Plastic single chamber (IP 66/IP 67)*
2 *Aluminium - single chamber*
3 *Stainless steel single chamber (electropolished)*
4 *Stainless steel single chamber (precision casting)*
5 *Stainless steel single chamber (electropolished) IP 69K*

External housing on IP 68 version

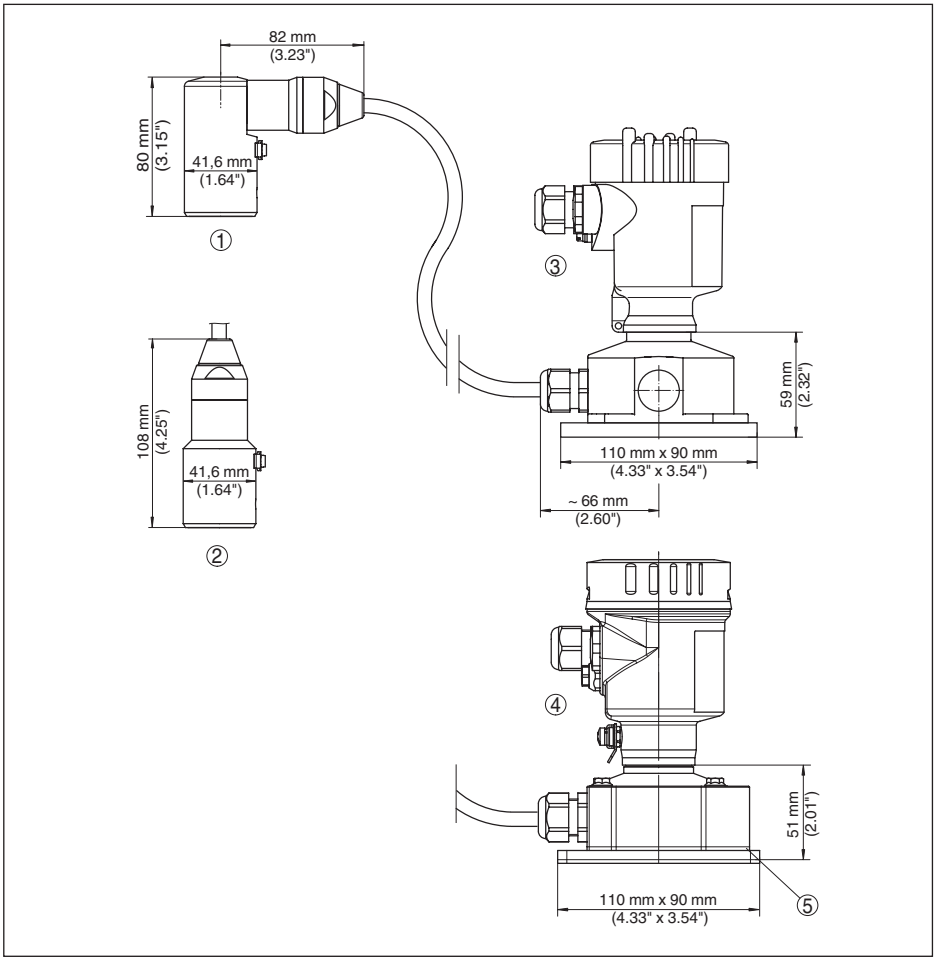


Fig. 45: VEGABAR 83, IP 68 version with external housing

1 *Lateral cable outlet*
2 *Axial cable outlet*
3 *Plastic single chamber*
4 *Stainless steel single chamber*
5 *Seal 2 mm (0.079 in), (only with 3A approval)*

VEGABAR 83, threaded fitting not front-flush

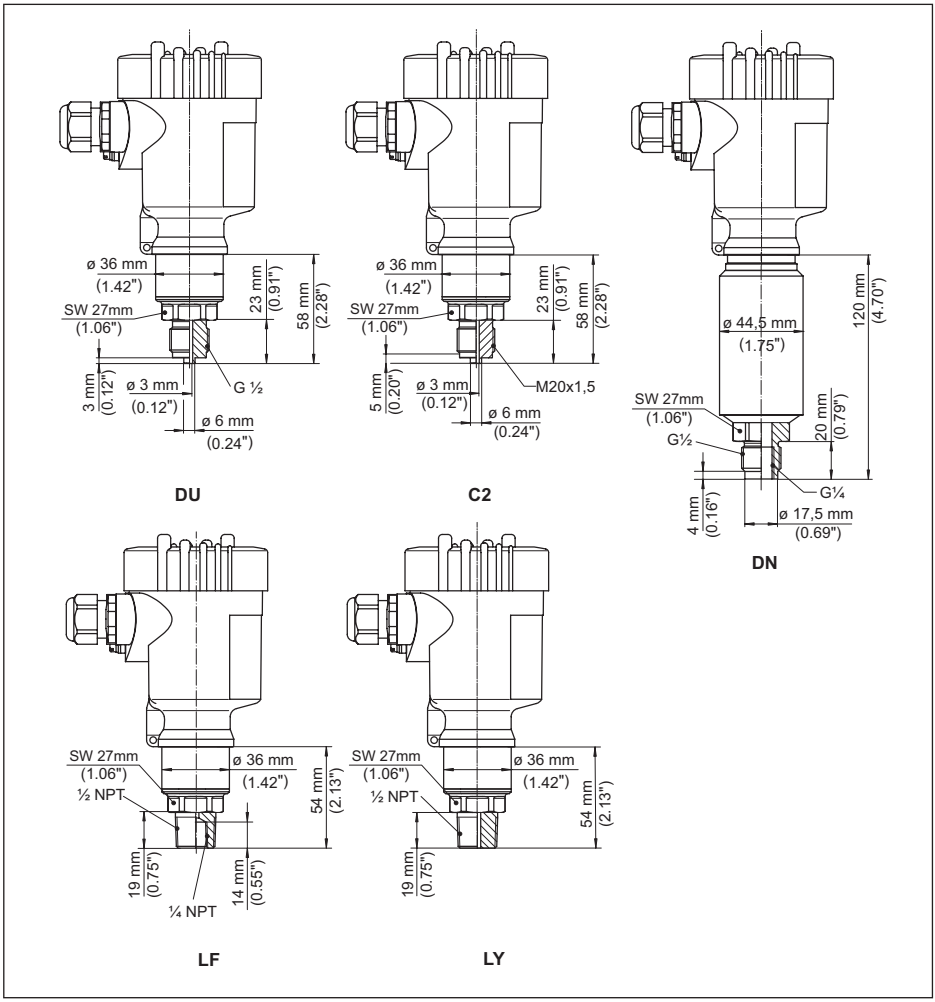


Fig. 46: VEGABAR 83, threaded fitting not front-flush

DU G½, EN 837; manometer connection
C2 M20 x 1.5 EN 837; manometer connection
DN G½, inside G¼, ISO 228-1
LF ½ NPT, inside ¼ NPT, ASME B1.20.1
LY ½ NPT PN 1000

VEGABAR 83, threaded fitting front-flush

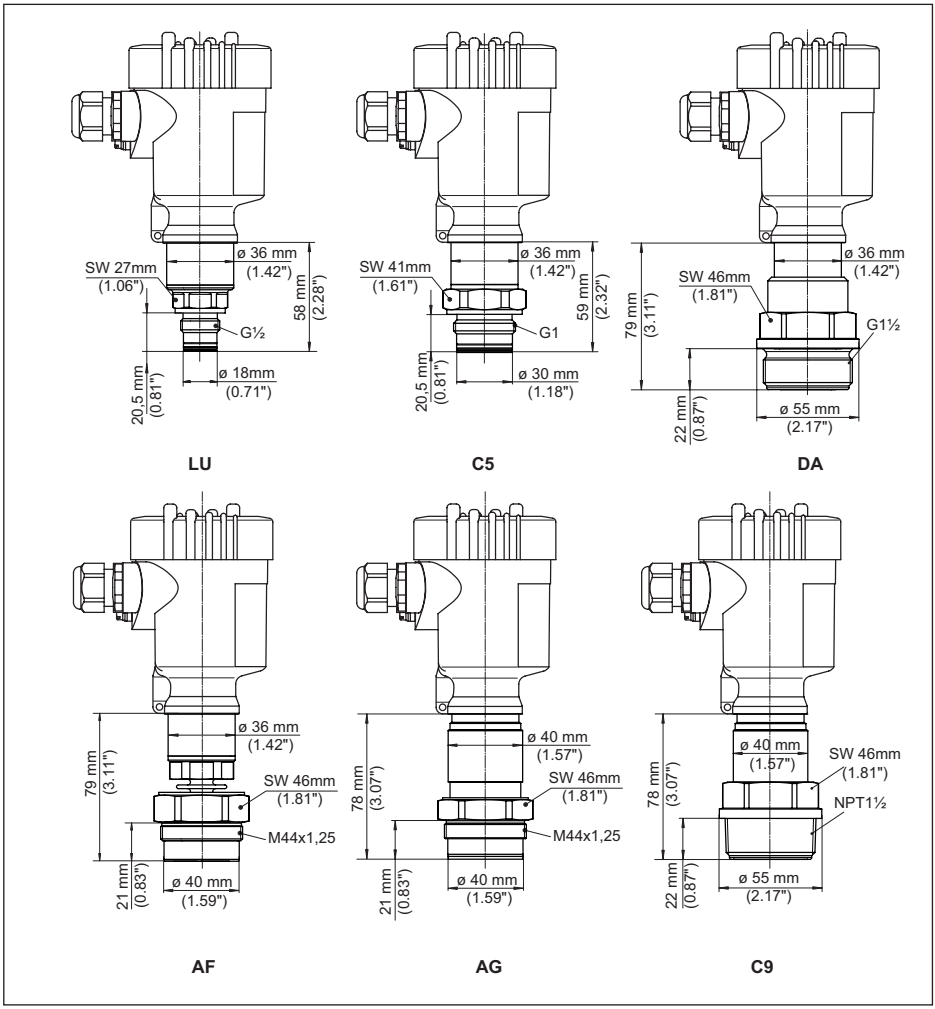


Fig. 47: VEGABAR 83, threaded fitting front-flush

LU G½, ISO 228-1; front-flush; with O-ring
C5 G1, ISO 228-1
DA G1½, DIN3852-A
AF M44 x 1.25 DIN 13; pressure screw: Aluminium
AG M44 x 1.25 DIN 13; pressure screw: 316L
AF/AG/DA with temperature adapter and screen sheet for 180 °C/200 °C
C9 1½ NPT, ASME B1.20.1

For the version with "*Second Line of Defense*", the measure of length increases by 17 mm (0.67 in).

VEGABAR 83, hygienic fitting 150 °C (piezoresistive/strain gauge measuring cell)

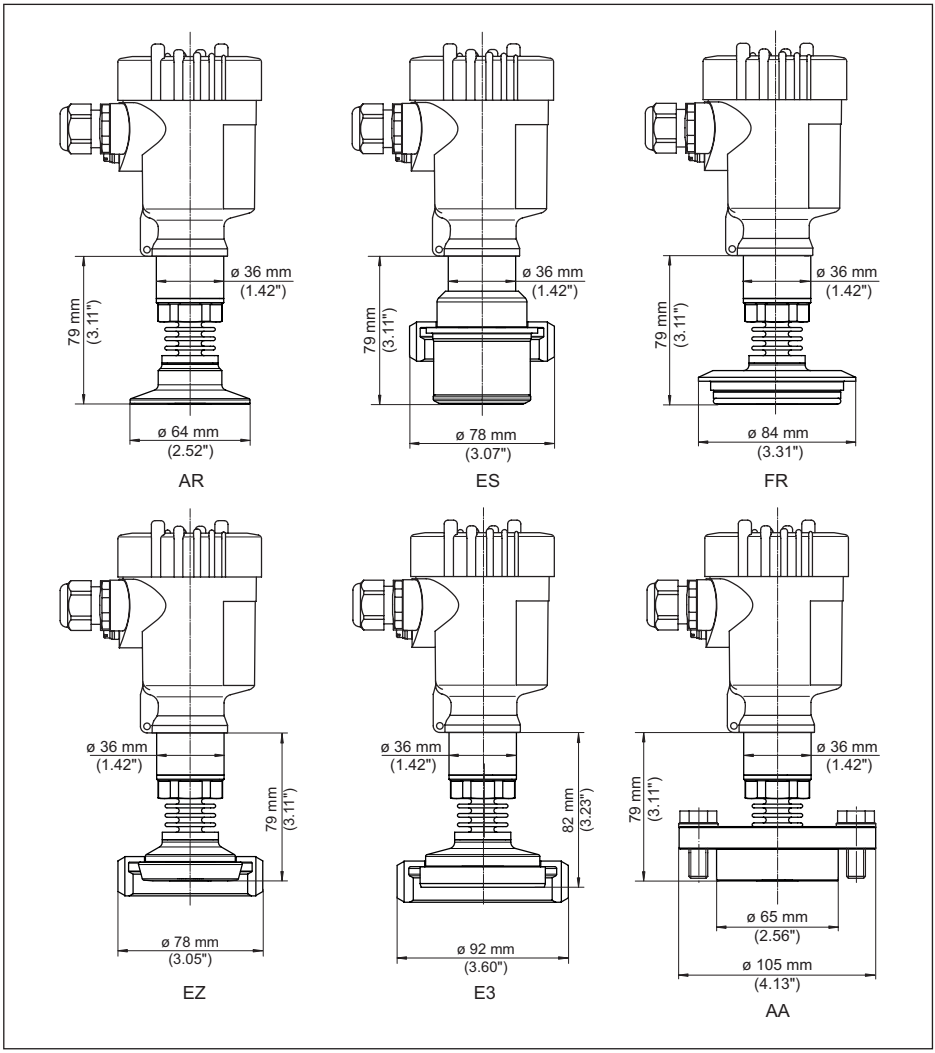


Fig. 48: VEGABAR 83, hygienic fitting 150 °C (piezoresistive/strain gauge measuring cell)

AR Clamp 2" PN 16 (ø 64 mm) DIN 32676, ISO 2852
ES Hygienic connection with compression nut F40 PN 25
FR Varivent N50-40 PN 25
EZ Collar socket DN 40 PN 40, DIN 11851
E3 Collar socket DN 50 PN 25 Form A, DIN 11864; for tube 53 x 1.5
AA DRD PN 40

For the version with "*Second Line of Defense*", the measure of length increases by 17 mm (0.67 in).

VEGABAR 83, hygienic fitting 150 °C (METEC® measuring cell)

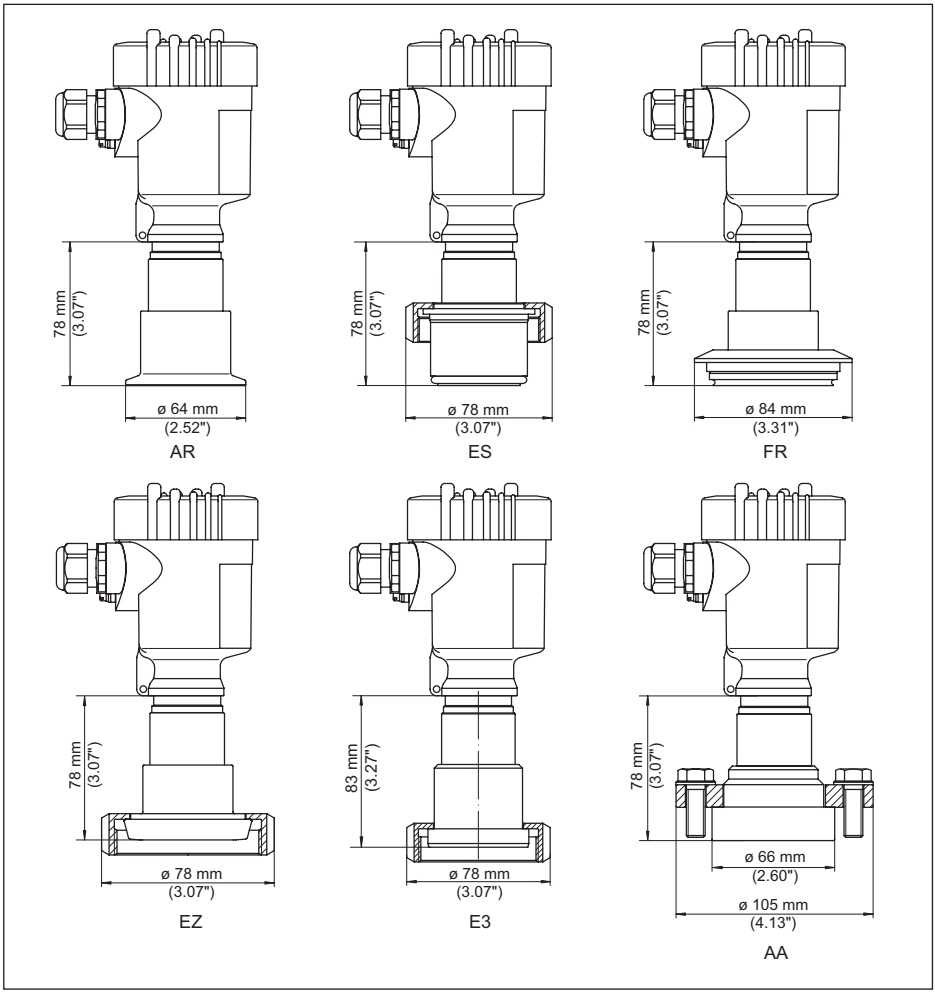
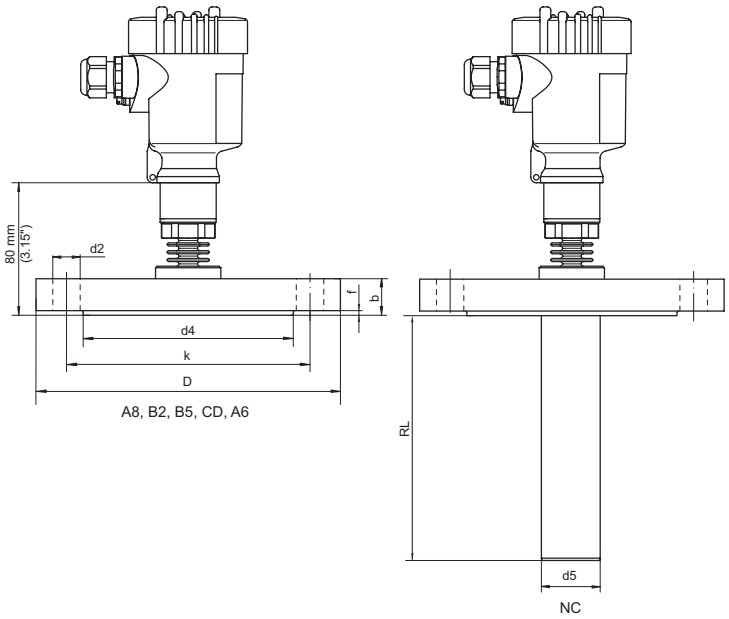


Fig. 49: VEGABAR 83, hygienic fitting 150 °C (METEC® measuring cell)

AR Clamp 2" PN 16 (ø 64 mm) DIN 32676, ISO 2852
ES Hygienic fitting with compression nut F 40 PN 25
FR Varivent N50-40 PN 25
EZ Collar socket DN 40 PN 40, DIN 11851
E3 Collar socket DN 50 PN 25 Form A, DIN 11864; for tube 53 x 1.5
AA DRD PN 40

For the version with "*Second Line of Defense*", the measure of length increases by 17 mm (0.67 in).

VEGABAR 83, flange connection 150 °C (piezoresistive/strain gauge measuring cell)



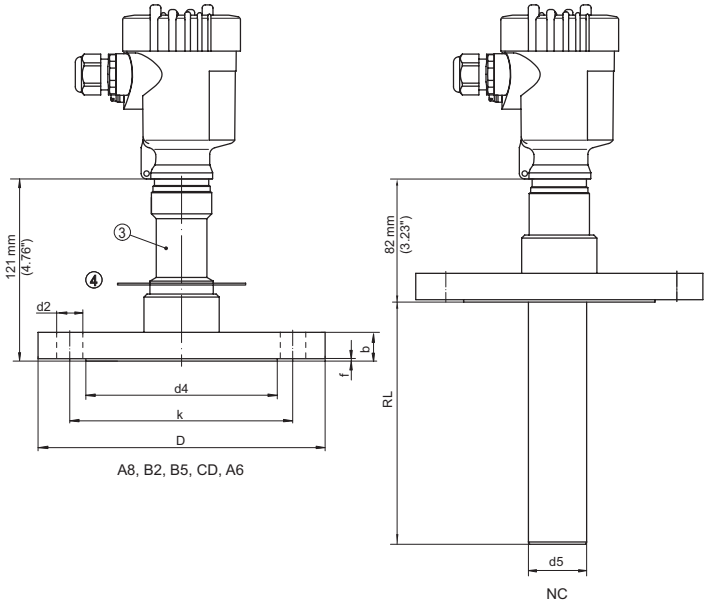
①	mm	DN	PN	D	b	k	d2	d4	f	RL	d5
	A8	40	40	150	18	110	4xø18	88	3	-	-
	B2	50	40	165	20	125	4xø18	102	3	-	-
	B5	80	40	200	24	160	8xø18	138	3	-	-
	CD	100	40	235	24	190	8xø22	162	3	-	-
	A6	150	16	285	22	240	8xø22	212	3	-	-
	NC	50	40	165	20	125	4xø18	102	3	③	④
	inch										
	A8	40	40	5.91"	0.71"	4.33"	4xø 0.71"	3.47"	0.12"	-	-
	B2	50	40	6.50"	0.79"	4.92"	4xø 0.71"	4.02"	0.12"	-	-
	B5	80	40	7.87"	0.95"	6.30"	8xø 0.71"	5.43"	0.12"	-	-
	CD	100	40	9.25"	0.95"	7.48"	8xø 0.87"	6.38"	0.12"	-	-
	A6	150	16	11.22"	0.87"	9.45"	8xø 0.87"	8.35"	0.12"	-	-
	NC	50	40	6.50"	0.79"	4.92"	4xø 0.71"	4.02"	0.12"	③	④
②											
	CA	2“ 150 lbs		6.00"	0.75"	4.75"	4xø 0.75"	3.62"	0.06"	-	-
	CB	3“ 150 lbs		7.50"	0.94"	6“	4xø 0.75"	5“	0.06"	-	-

Fig. 50: VEGABAR 83, flange connection 150 °C (piezoresistive/strain gauge measuring cell)

1 *Flange connection according to DIN 2501*
2 *Flange connection according to ASME B16.5*
3 *Order-specific*
4 *Order-specific*

For the version with "*Second Line of Defense*", the measure of length increases by 17 mm (0.67 in).

VEGABAR 83, flange connection 180 °C/200 °C (METEC® measuring cell)



① mm	DN	PN	D	b	k	d2	d4	f	RL	d5
A8	40	40	150	18	110	4xø18	88	3	-	-
B2	50	40	165	20	125	4xø18	102	3	-	-
B5	80	40	200	24	160	8xø18	138	3	-	-
CD	100	40	235	24	190	8xø22	162	3	-	-
A6	150	16	300	28	250	8xø26	218	3	-	-
NC	50	40	165	20	125	4xø18	102	3	⑤	⑥
inch										
A8	40	40	5.91"	0.71"	4.33"	4xø 0.71"	3.47"	0.12"	-	-
B2	50	40	6.50"	0.79"	4.92"	4xø 0.71"	4.02"	0.12"	-	-
B5	80	40	7.87"	0.95"	6.30"	8xø 0.71"	5.43"	0.12"	-	-
CD	100	40	9.25"	0.95"	7.48"	8xø 0.87"	6.38"	0.12"	-	-
A6	150	16	11.81"	1.10"	9.84"	8xø 1.02"	8.58"	0.12"	-	-
NC	50	40	6.50"	0.79"	4.92"	4xø 0.71"	4.02"	0.12"	⑤	⑥
②										
CA	2“ 150 lbs		5.91"	0.77"	4.75"	4xø 0.75"	3.62"	0.12"	-	-
CB	3“ 150 lbs		7.48"	0.96"	6“	4xø 0.75"	5“	0.12"	-	-

Fig. 51: VEGABAR 83, flange connection 180 °C/200 °C (METEC® measuring cell)

1 *Flange connection according to DIN 2501*
2 *Flange connection according to ASME B16.5*
3 *Temperature adapter up to 180 °C*
4 *Temperature screen sheet up to 200 °C*
5 *Order-specific*
6 *Order-specific*

For the version with "*Second Line of Defense*", the measure of length increases by 17 mm (0.67 in).

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