

**USER MANUAL FOR** FULL BORE ELECTROMAGNETIC **FLOW METER** MODEL NO. :- ELMAG 2516

Authorised Dealer



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Ltd.





# ORDERING DTAILS

Instrument Name : Full Bore Type Electromagnetic Flow Meter Model No. : ELMAG 2516 Serial No. :

Code		Description	on	As Applicable
Line Size	I			
01	1⁄2 Inch (15N	B)		
02	<sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> Inch (20N	B)		
03	1 Inch (25NE	3)		
04	11/2 Inch (40)	NB)		
05	2 Inch (50NE	3)		
06	21⁄2 Inch (651	NB)		
07	3 Inch (80NE	3)		
08	4 Inch (100N	IB)		
09	5 Inch (125N	IB)		
10	6 Inch (150N	IB)		
11	8 Inch (200N	IB)		
12	Other			
Calibratio	on Range			
01				
Flow Dire	ction			
01	Forward			
02	Reverse			
Lining Ma	aterial			1
01	PTFE	,		
02	Rubber			
03	Other			
Flange M	aterial			
01	CS/MS			
02	SS304			
03	SS316			
Coil Hous	sing Material			I
01	MS			
02	SS304			
03	SS316			
Electrode	Material			
01	SS316L			
02	Hastalloy C			
03	Platinum			
04	Other			



Code	Description As Applicabl				
Electroni	c Enclosure				
01	Aluminum di	e cast			
02	SS304				
Output	• -				
01	4-20mA DC				
Power Su	ipply				
01	90-260V AC,	50Hz			
02	24V DC				
Accesso	ries				
01	Power cable				
02	Magnetic key	y chain			
03	'U' clamp				
04	Grounding R	ling			
05	Other				



# CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION	01
1.1 Item Supplied	01
1.2 Device Identification	01
1.3 Reading User Manual	01
1.4 Warranty Terms	01
2. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	02
2.1 General Instructions	02
2.2 Storage Precautions	02
2.3 Installation Location Precautions	02
3. APPLICATION	03
4. OPERATING PRINCIPLE	04
5. TECHNICAL DETAILS	05
5.1 Electronic Unit Specifications	05
5.2 Flow Sensor Specifications	05
6. ASSEMBLY OVERVIEW	06
7. KEY BOARD DETAILS	07
8. TERMINATION DETAILS	07
9. INSTALLATION DETAILS	08
9.1 How to install Flow Meter	80
9.2 Safety Precautions	09
9.3 Installation Position	09
9.4 Pipe System	10
10. OPERATIONAL FLOW CHARTS	13
10.1 General Overview of Operations	13
10.2 Configure Mode	14
10.3 Configure Instrument Method	
	16
10.4 Average Flow Rate	16 19
10.4 Average Flow Rate 10.5 Online Diagnostic Features	16 19 19
10.4 Average Flow Rate 10.5 Online Diagnostic Features 11. MODBUS COMMUNICATION DETAILS	16 19 19 <b>20</b>
<ul> <li>10.4 Average Flow Rate</li></ul>	16 19 19 <b>20</b> <b>22</b>



### 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Item Supplied :

ELMAG 2516 flow meter User Manual Calibration Certificates

Inspection :

- Check for mechanical damage due to possible improper handling during shipment. All claims for damage are to be made promptly to the shipper.
- Make sure the scope of delivery and the information on the name plate corresponds to the ordering information.
- 1.2 Device Identification :

The Model no. and Specification are found on name plate, located on top of electronic housing. Check the Model no. & Specifications you have ordered.

			_						_			- Electronic Unit
		/				ELECTROMAGNETIC FLOW	/ METER- ELMAG 2516			K		name plate
ſ		24V DC	230V AC 50Hz	L/+	-	POWER SUPPLY : 230VAC 50Hz 24VDC	LINE SIZE :	A				
	0		•	-/N	2	RANGE :	OUTPUT : 4 - 20 mA DC	500m	2	Ŧ	0	
Ĺ				NC	3	SR. NO. :	MAX. OP. PRESSURE :	- NSE	-	±		
				Е		TAG. NO. :				/		

1.3 Reading User Manual :

- This manual should be provided to the end user.
- Before use, read this manual carefully and compare the instrument specification.
- The contents of this manual may be changed without prior notice.

1.4 Warranty terms :

- The terms of this instrument that are guaranteed are described in the quotation. We will make any repairs that may become necessary during the guaranteed term free of charge.
- Please contact our sales office if this instrument requires repair.
- If the instrument is faulty, contact us with concrete details about the problem and the length of time it has been faulty, and state the model and serial number. We would appreciate the inclusion of images or additional information.
- The results of our examination will determine whether the meter will be repaired free of charge or on an at-cost basis.



## 2. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

#### 2.1 General Instructions:

- This flow meter was carefully calibrated at the factory before shipment. When meter is delivered, visually check that no damage has occurred during transportation
- Read User manual carefully and understand instructions & directions provided in this manual.
- In general, devices from the manufacturer may only be installed, commissioned, operated and maintained by properly trained and authorized personnel.
- Look at the ordering detail to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.
- Before powering up the meter, consider the following:
  - Is the meter installed according to the direction of flow as marked on the meter.
  - Has the wiring been carried out correctly and have all safety procedures been adhered to. Is the supply voltage correct.
  - Has the flow meter been properly earth.
  - Lethal power supply voltages may be present, do not apply power with the signal converter cover or terminal box cover removed.
- The following principles should be considered during installation:
  - If there is a noisy power supply voltage (especially peaks generated, usually by motors), use an external power supply filter between the flow meter and power supply.
  - Protect the flow meter and the internal lining of the sensor pipe from mechanical damage, especially during installation or cleaning.
  - Do not expose the flow meter to intense vibration.
- 2.2 Storage Precautions:
  - Store the device in a dry, dust-free location.
  - Avoid continuous direct sunlight.
  - Store the device in its original packing.
  - Storage temperature: 0 to 55°C
- 2.3 Installation Location Precautions:
  - Installation of the Electromagnetic flow meter must be performed by expert engineer or skilled personnel. No operator shall be permitted to perform procedures relating to installation.
  - The Electromagnetic flow meter is a heavy instrument. Be careful that no damage is caused to personnel through accidentally dropping it, or by exerting excessive force on the electromagnetic flow meter. When moving the electromagnetic flow meter, always use a trolley .
  - When the electromagnetic flow meter is processing hot fluids, the instrument itself may become extremely hot. Take sufficient care not to get burnt.

## Note : IP66/IP68 Certification is valid only if warranty seal is intact and also safety precautions must be strictly maintained.



### 3. APPLICATION

ELMAG 2516 is microprocessor based full bore type electromagnetic flow meter specially used for various industrial applications. This flow meter accurately measures the flow rate of conductive liquids & slurries in closed pipes. Due to simple, rigid & obstruction less design the flow meter is a maintenance free instrument in place of conventional mechanical flow measuring device. ELMAG 2516 standard configuration is a sensor with transmitter integrated in one unit. It's performance is independent of temperature, pressure, density and viscosity of the medium. ELMAG 2516 is a flanged meter available in sizes from DN10 to DN 200. The rugged flow sensor is constructed from completely welded construction. In the instrument, the sensor and the electronics form one mechanical entity. A retransmission output of 4-20 mA is provided. The use of 'Pulsed DC ' excitation technology offers highest ability & better measuring accuracy in the form of electrical signal 4 - 20 mA DC linearly proportional to volumetric flow.

**Sensor :** The sensor consists of metering pipe; electrodes and coils. It is accommodated in welded and a fully encapsulated steel enclosure.

**Electronics** :The conditioning electronics circuitry is housed in a cast aluminum connection box. The termination of this electronics is given in the same housing through cable glands for the required connecting cables.

#### **Applications:**

- Applications include measurement of flow on conducting liquids and slurries (even highly corrosive and abrasive) in chemical and petrochemicals, pharmaceutical, fertilizers, foodstuffs, dairy, sugar, breweries, paper, steel, mining industries etc.
- ∽Monitoring water flow in cooling systems in steel plants, power plants etc.
- The measuring flow of clean water, effluent, sludge etc. In pollution and environmental control.
- The isolated 4-20 mA output proportional to flow can be fed to PLCs, DCS or remote mounted indicator.



## 4. OPERATING PRINCIPLE

The flow meter is designed for electrically conductive fluids. Measurement is based on Faraday's law of induction, according to which a voltage is induced in an electrically conductive body, which passes through a magnetic field.



The following expression is applicable to the voltage:

U = K x B x v x D

Where:

- U = induced voltage
- K = an instrument constant
- B = magnetic field strength
- v = mean velocity
- D = pipe diameter

Thus the induced voltage is proportional to the mean flow velocity, when the field strength is constant. Inside the electromagnetic flow meter, the fluid passes through a magnetic field applied perpendicular to the direction of flow. An electric voltage is induced by the movement of the fluid (which must have a minimum electrical conductivity). This is proportional to the mean flow velocity and thus to the volume of flow. The induced voltage signal is picked up by two electrodes, Which are in contact with conductive fluid and transmitted to the signal converter. This method of measurement offers the following advantages:

- 1) No pressure loss through pipe.
- 2) Since the magnetic field passes through the entire flow area, the signal represents a mean value over the pipe cross-section; therefore, only relatively short straight inlet pipes x DN from the electrode axis are required upstream of the primary head.
- 3) Only the tube liner and the electrodes are in contact with the fluid.
- 4) The signal produced is an electrical voltage, which is an exact linear function of the mean flow velocity.



# 5. TECHNICAL DETAILS

## 5.1 Specifications:

5.1.1 Electronics Unit Specifications:

Instrument Name Model No. Media Calibration Range Display Power Supply	<ul> <li>Full Bore Type Electromagnetic Flow Meter</li> <li>ELMAG 2516</li> <li>Conductive Liquids &amp; slurries</li> <li>As per customer requirement</li> <li>16X2 Alphanumeric LCD, 6 digit for flow rate &amp; 9 digit for totaliser</li> <li>1) 90-260V AC, 50Hz</li> </ul>				
Power Consumption Response Time Accuracy Linearity Isolation Output Flow Direction Temperature	<ul> <li>2) 24V DC</li> <li>: Less than 10VA</li> <li>: 2Sec.</li> <li>: +/-0.5% of full scale</li> <li>: +/-0.5% of full scale</li> <li>: 1.4KV Between output &amp; Power supply</li> <li>: 4-20mA DC</li> <li>: 1) Forward 2) Reverse</li> <li>: 1) Ambient : 0 to 55 C</li> <li>: 2) Starage : 0 to 55 C</li> </ul>				
Relative Humidity Cable Entry Mounting Transmitter Enclosure Protection Class	<ul> <li>2) Storage : 0 to 55 C</li> <li>: 10-95% RH, non condensing</li> <li>: M20 x1.5 Double Compression Cable Gland, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" NPT</li> <li>: In Line - Horizontal / Vertical</li> <li>: Aluminum Die cast</li> <li>: IP66 /IP68</li> </ul>				
5.1.2 Flow Sensor Specifications: Line Size Material of Construction	: 15NB to 200NB : 1) Coil housing : MS / SS 2) Electrode : SS 316L / Hastalloy C / Platinum 3) Flange : CS / MS / SS 304 / SS 316 4) Lining : Rubber / PTFE				
Mechanical Connections Media conductivity Limit flow velocities of measured liquid Viscosity Direction of Flow Protection class Process Temperature Operating Pressure	<ul> <li>Flange / SMS union / Threaded / Tri clover</li> <li>&gt; 20 μs/cm</li> <li>6 m/s</li> <li>200cp (max.)</li> <li>Direction of Arrow on Meter</li> <li>IP68</li> <li>1) 0 to 85° C(For Rubber Lining)</li> <li>2) 0 to 120° C(For PTFE Lining)</li> <li>to to10Kg/cm<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>				



## 6. ASSEMBLY OVERVIEW



### DIMENSIONAL DETAILS OF FLANGE(AS PER ASA150 # B-16.5):

Line	Size	Flange	Diameter of Raised Face	Diameter of	Diameter of	No.	Thickness	Housing	Flange to Flange
Inch	NB	D (mm)	R (mm)	DBC (mm)	(mm)	Holes	Flange	(mm)	(mm)
1⁄2"	15	88.9	34.9	60.3	15.9	4	11.1	125	200
3/4"	20	98.4	42.9	69.8	15.9	4	12.7	125	200
1 "	25	107.9	50.8	79.4	15.9	4	14.3	145	200
1 1⁄2 "	40	127.0	73	98.4	15.9	4	17.5	155	200
2"	50	152.4	92.1	120.6	19.0	4	19.0	165	200
2 1⁄2 "	65	177.8	104.8	139.7	19.0	4	22.2	185	200
3 "	80	190.5	127.0	152.4	19.0	4	23.8	205	200
4"	100	228.5	157.2	190.5	19.0	8	23.8	245	250
5 "	125	254.0	185.7	215.9	22.2	8	23.8	265	250
6"	150	279.4	215.9	241.3	22.2	8	25.4	285	300
8"	200	342.9	269.9	298.4	22.2	8	28.3	355	350

\* Note : Flange to flange distance (FD) Tolerance : 1) 1/2"(15NB) to 6"(150NB) : +/-3mm 2) 8"(200NB) : +/-5mm



### 7. KEY BOARD DETAILS

- P Program Key : This key is used to toggle between Run mode and Program mode.
- ▲ Increment Key : This key is used to :-
  - 1) Increment the numerical value of any digit, from 0 to 9, by one at each time.
  - 2) Go to the next parameter in Program mode.
  - 3) Continue press for 6 sec. : Averaging Mode
  - 4) To start Averaging.
- Shift Key : This key is used to :-
  - 1) Shift the cursor to the next digit.
  - 2) To stop averaging
- ✓ Enter Key : This key is used to :-1) Validate the function or value of parameter. 2) To view reverse totaliser



Fig.4 ENCLOSURE LHS VIEW



1

2

 $\underline{\top}$ 

1+

**|-**

NC



Ret. O/P connector(M)



Fig.5 ENCLOSURE RHS VIEW





4-20mA DC

Retransmission Output



### 9. INSTALLATION DETAILS

9.1 How to Install Flow Meter :-

1) Flowmeter can be installed in any position either vertical or horizontal.

2) The meter may be installed in horizontal or vertical pipelines. If a vertical pipeline installation is desired, the meter should be installed with the direction of flow being upwards, to ensure a full pipe under low flow conditions. If a horizontal installation is desired the measuring electrodes should be installed in the horizontal plane in order to prevent entrained air or gasses collecting at the electrodes. The effect of this would be that the meter would give inaccurate and unstable readings.

3) For horizontal installation, the electrode axis should always be in horizontal plane.

4) The flow meter should be installed away from electrical motors, transformers, inverter and other power sources in order to avoid interference with measurement. Install the flow meter in a location where it is not exposed to direct sunlight.

5) Be sure to choose a gasket with inner and outer diameters that does not protrude inside the piping If the inner diameter of the gasket is too large, or outer diameter of the gasket is too small, fluid leakage may result.



- 6) If pipeline is bigger than the size of flow meter, use Reducers as shown in Fig-10
- 7) At inlet side, straight run to be maintained 10 times of flow meter bore size ' D'and similarly 5 times of 'D'at outlet side.
- 8) Flange size to be selected as per pipeline and flow meter size.



#### 9.2 Safety Precautions :

- a) Flow meter must be properly grounded or earth according to local electric codes.
- b) Install signal wiring separate from the high voltage power cable.

#### 9.3 Installation Position:

a) Horizontal Position:



b) Vertical Position:



Fig.14 FLOW METER INSTALLATION IN VERTICAL POSITION

In



#### 9.4 Pipe System :

1. The flow sensor must be mounted in a location which is free from interfering elements like valves, Ts, bends, pumps, etc. to ensure a laminar flow without turbulence upstream of the flow sensor. For that reason the flow sensor must be mounted in a straight pipe at a distance from interfering elements of minimum 10 x DN upstream and minimum 5 x DN downstream.



Important: Valves should always be mounted on the downstream side of the flow sensor!

2. If it becomes necessary to use reducers, the inner angle must not exceed 7°.



The minimum length to keep the angle below 7° can be checked by means of the formula below: **L= (D - d) / (2 x tan**a) where "D" is the large diameter and "d" the small diameter of the reducer. Example: If a flow sensor in dimension DN 65 is mounted downstream of a 80 mm pipe,the reducer must then have a length of minimum 108.80 mm in order to keep the inner angle below 7°.

3. Flange connections must be assembled concentrically on both the upstream and the downstream side. Due to improper connection assuring accuracy of flow meter will be affected. Note:- Gaskets and grounding rings must also be mounted concentrically!





4. The flow sensor should always be filled with liquid. For that reason the flow sensor must not be mounted at the highest point of the pipe system or in free outlets, where gravity could empty or partially empty the pipe.



5. The flow sensor can be mounted vertically or horizontally . If the flow sensor is mounted vertically , the flow direction should always be upwards. In that way the effect from possible bubbles in the liquid will be significantly reduced, just as it will ensure that the flow sensor is always filled with liquid. In case the liquid is carrying particles, for example when measuring sludge, sewage, etc.,the flowsensor must be mounted vertically .





6. When mounting horizontally in pipes with free downstream outlet, the flow sensor should be mounted such that it will always be filled with liquid, for example in a bend situated lower than the height of the outlet. In case the liquid is carrying particles, e.g. when measuring sludge, Sewage etc. the flow sensor must be mounted vertically.



7. When mounting horizontally the flow sensor can be rotated max. +/-  $45^{\circ}$  seen from the connection end. If the flow sensor is rotated more than  $45^{\circ}$ , one of the electrodes may not be in full contact with the liquid.





## 10. OPERATIONAL FLOW CHART

10.1 General Overview of Operations :



Prog Parameters error occurs if you have not set the Program parameters.	F00034.9 m3/Hr F6884065.68 Ltr	To display normal Flow & Totaliser value.
ELMAG2516_R0 To display software version name.	Pipe is Empty F6884065.68 Ltr	If pipe is not fil display pipe is Empty message.
SERIAL NUMBER: 123456	Excitation Error F6884065.68 Ltr	If coil connection is not proper or loose display Excitation error message.



10.2 Configure Mode :



<sup>\*</sup> Press P To Exit to higher level menu





\* Press P To Exit to higher level menu

UM-ELMAG 2516-R0

PAGE 15 OF 22



10.3 Configure Instrument Method :

10.5.1 Program Parameter :

System offers user to set flow unit, Totaliser unit, Decimal point, max flow range, Low flow cut o fflimit, damping factor, etc.

1]	Power On the instrument. Display will show F00034.9 m3/Hr F6884065.68 Ltr
2]	Press key. Display will show Configure Instrument
3]	Press key. Display will show boot and b
	Enter the password 1234 using & key.
4]	Press key. Display will show Program Parameter
	Press key display will show Flow Engg. Unit m3
	Press 🛃 key. Display will blink. The 🛋 key is used to change Engg. unit.
	Press 🛃 key to store Engg. unit.
5]	Now, Display will show Hr
	Press 🛃 key. Now the display will blink. The 🛋 key is used to change time unit.
	Press 🖬 key to store time unit.
6]	Display will show Flow Decimal Pt.
	Press key. The numeric digit will start to blink. Press the key to change the position
	of decimal point. Press 🖃 key to store position of decimal point.
7]	Display will show Totalizer unit
	Press 🛃 key. Display will blink. Press the key to change totaliser unit .
	Press 🛃 key to store totaliser unit.
8]	Display will show Totl Decimal Pt. 000000.000
	Press 🛃 key. Now the display will blink. Press the key to change the position of
	decimal point. Press 🛃 key to store position of decimal point.

	ELECTRONET
11]Now, Display will show Max. Flow Range 056.000 m3/Hr	
Press 🛃 key. The numeric digit will blink. Enter the desired value one by one	<b>;</b>
using 🔺 & 🕨 key.	
Press key to store max flow range value.	
12]Display will show Low Flow cut off 00.0%	
Press 🖬 key. The display will blink. Enter the desired value using 🔺 & 🕨 k	ey.
It is the integer value below which the display & the Ret. Output shows the lo	wer limit value.
Press 🛃 key to store value	
13]Now, Display will show	
Press	-
It is Number of ADC count of which average is taken to stabilize the display.	
14]Now, Display will show Flow dir. for OP Forward	
Press 🖬 key. The display will blink. Enter the desired flow direction press 🛋	key.
15] Press three times P key. Go to RUN mode.	
10.5.2 Retransmission output configuration	
Retransmission output can be configured to process flow range. 'OP Currand 'OP Current HiLmt' will be configured to 4mA and 20mA respectively.	ent LoLmt'
1] Power On the instrument. Display will show F00034.9 m3/Hr F688465.68 Ltr L	
2] Press P key. Display will show Configure Instrument	
3] Press key. Display will show Enter Password Enter the password 1234 usin	g 🔺 & 🕨 key.
4] Press very key. Display will show Program Parameter	
Then press key display will show Parameter	
Press key display will show OP Current LoLmt 000.000 m3/Hr	
Press 📕 key. The numeric digit will blink. Enter the desired value one by on	9
using 🔺 & 🕨 key. Press 🗐 key to store value.	



5] Press key display will show OP Current HiLmt 060.000 m3/Hr Press key, numeric digit will start blink.

Enter the desired value one by one using & key.

Press key to store value.

- 6] Press three times P key. Go to RUN mode.
- 10.5.3 Communication Parameter Setting :

System is able to communicate with PLC or control system with MODBUS RTU protocol . RS485 or RS232 can be used for MODBUS RTU protocol.

1] Power On the instrument. Display will show F00034.9 m3/Hr F688465.68 Ltr L						
2] Press Pkey. Display will show Configure Instrument						
3] Press key. Display will show Enter Password Enter the password 1234 using key.						
4] Press key. Display will show Program Parameter						
Then press key display will show Retransmition Parameter						
Now again press key display will show Parameter						
5] Press very key. Display will show 9600. Now Press very key the display will blink.						
The 🔺 key is used to change baud rate. Press 🖃 key to enter & store baud rate value.						
6] Display will show None						
Press key. Now the display will blink. The key is used to change parity type.						
Press ve key to store parity type.						
8] Display will show 01						
Press 🚽 key. The numeric digit will blink. Enter the desired value one by one						

using & key.

Press leve to store slave address





10.5 Online Diagnostic Features :

**10.7.1 Empty Pipe Indication:-** For proper functioning of electromagnetic flow meter, flow tube should always be completely filled, So it is important to detect whether flow tube is filled or empty. 'Pipe Empty' message is displayed on display whenever flow tube is empty. Output current is 3.6 mA during empty pipe condition.

10.7.2 Flow Over Range :- 'Flow Over Range' message is displayed whenever flow rate exceeds 110% of calibration Range. For e.g. If Range is 0 -350.0 m<sup>3</sup>/hr, then flow meter will show reading up to 385.0 m<sup>3</sup>/hr i. e. 110 %. If flow exceeds 385.0 m<sup>3</sup>/hr display will show 'Flow Over Range ' message Ret. output will also be 21.60 mA (max.) at 385.0 m<sup>3</sup>/hr.

**10.7.3** Average Flow Rate :- This feature is used to calculate average value of flow rate over a given period of time. It is extremely useful whenever flow rate is fluctuating and we are required to know what is the average flow rate over a given period of time.



## 11. MODBUS (RS 485) COMMUNICATION DETAILS

#### 11. 1 To view parameters :

Note: Program below parameters before starting communication

- 1. Baud Rate :9600 / 19200 / 38400 / 4800 2. Parity : None/Odd/Even
- 3. Slave Address : Selectable 01 to 99
- 4. Length : 13
- 5. Communication Protocol: Modbus RTU

#### **COMMUNICATION FORMAT**

Sr. No.	Function Code	Command	Register Address	Data Format	Details
1	0x04	Read holding Register	40001	Swappod Float	40001 40002
			40002	Swapped Float	Value = Flow Rate
			40003	Swapped Float	40003 40004 MSbyte U Sbyte
			40004	Gwapped i loat	Flow totaliser
			40005	Integer (Hex)	Flow Decimal Value 0 = 0000 1 = 000.0 2 = 00.00 3 = 0.000
			40006	Integer (Hex)	Flow Volume Unit Value 0 = Ft3 1 = gal 2 = Ltr 3 = m3 4 = ML
			40007	Integer (Hex)	Flow Time Unit Value 0 = Sec 1 = Min 2 = Hr 3 = Day
			40008	Integer (Hex)	Totaliser Decimal Value 0 = 0000 1 = 000.0 2 = 00.00 3 = 0.000
			40009	Integer (Hex)	Totaliser Engg. Unit Value 0 = Ft3 1 = gal 2 = Ltr 3 = m3 4 = ML



Sr. No.	Function Code	Command	Register Address	Data Format	Details
1	0x04	Read holding Register	40010	Swapped Float	MSbyte
			40011	owapped rioat	Value = Reverse Flow Totaliser
			40012	Integer (Hex)	Reverse Flow Enable / Disable 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
			40013	Integer (Hex)	Current Flow Direction 0 = Forward 1 = Reverse



## 12. DOS & DON'TS

#### General mishandling on site :

- 1. Application of power supply 230 V AC OR 24V DC at incorrect terminals like input .
- 2. Loose connection on terminations.
- 3. Incorrect calibration.

### Precautions to be taken on site :

- 1. Read the instruction manual carefully before installing the instrument.
- 2. Do the connections as per the termination details given in the manual.
- 3. Terminal connections should be tight.
- 4. Check for proper supply voltage.
- 5. During calibration, follow the steps mentioned in the manual.
- 6. Verify that earthing is proper.

## 13. TROUBLE SHOOTING PROCEDURE

SYMPTOMS	CAUSE OF FAILURE	ACTION TO BE TAKEN
No display indication	1. Absence of power supply at terminal block	1. Check power supply connections & rectify the fault.
	2. Loose connection on termination.	2. Tight the termination connections.
Incorrect display indication.	1. Incorrect calibration.	1. Recalibrate the instrument. Refer calibration procedure.
Flow is not registered at all.	1. Reverse flow direction.	1.Check for correct flow measurement direction as indicated by arrow on the flowmeter.
Incorrect retransmission output.	1.Retransmission output calibration disturbed.	1.Recalibrate the instrument for retransmission output. Refer calibration procedure.

Periodical maintenance :

The flow meter does not require any special maintenance. Dependent on the media being measured it is recommended that approx. once a year, remove the sensor from the pipe and clean the liner. Method of cleaning consists of removing mechanical dirt and any non conductive coating (like oil film) from the liner. A very dirty liner could cause inaccuracy of the measurement. Check mechanical state of the liner

